

59.1 that has entered into an infrastructure sharing agreement under section 59.1 shall provide to each party to such agreement timely information on the planned deployment of telecommunications services and equipment, including any software or upgrades of software integral to the use or operation of such telecommunications equipment.

§59.4 Definition of “qualifying carrier”.

For purposes of this part, the term “qualifying carrier” means a telecommunications carrier that:

- (a) Lacks economies of scale or scope; and
- (b) Offers telephone exchange service, exchange access, and any other service that is included in universal service, to all consumers without preference throughout the service area for which such carrier has been designated as an eligible telecommunications carrier under section 214(e) of 47 U.S.C.

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AUTHORITY: Secs. 1, 4(i), 4(j), 201–205, and 403 of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended; 47 U.S.C. 151, 154(i), 154(j), 201–205, and 403, unless otherwise noted.

SOURCE: 49 FR 40869, Oct. 18, 1984, unless otherwise noted.

Subpart A—General

§ 61.1 Purpose and application.

(a) The purpose of this part is to prescribe the framework for the initial establishment of and subsequent revisions to tariff publications.

(b) Tariff publications filed with the Commission must conform to the rules in this part. Failure to comply with any provisions of this part may be grounds for rejection of the non-complying publication.

(c) No carrier required to file tariffs may provide any interstate or foreign communication service until every tariff publication for such communication service is on file with the Commission and in effect.

§ 61.2 General tariff requirements.

(a) In order to remove all doubt as to their proper application, all tariff publications must contain clear and explicit explanatory statements regarding the rates and regulations.

(b) Tariff publications must be delivered to the Commission free from all charges, including claims of postage.

(c) Tariff publications will not be returned.

[64 FR 46586, Aug. 26, 1999]

§ 61.3 Definitions.

(a) *Act*. The Communications Act of 1934 (48 Stat. 1004; 47 U.S.C. chapter 5), as amended.

(b) *Actual Price Index* (API). An index of the level of aggregate rate element rates in a basket, which index is calculated pursuant to § 61.46.

(c) *Association*. This term has the meaning given it in § 69.2(d).

(d) *Band*. A zone of pricing flexibility for a service category, which zone is calculated pursuant to § 61.47.

(e) *Base period*. For carriers subject to §§ 61.41–61.49, the 12-month period ending six months prior to the effective date of annual price cap tariffs. Base year or base period earnings shall exclude amounts associated with exogenous adjustments to the PCI for the lower formula adjustment mechanism permitted by § 61.45(d)(1)(vii).

(f) *Basket*. Any class or category of tariffed service or charge:

(1) Which is established by the Commission pursuant to price cap regulation;

(2) The rates of which are reflected in an Actual Price Index; and

(3) The related revenues of which are reflected in a Price Cap Index.

(g) *Change in rate structure*. A restructuring or other alternation of the rate components for an existing service.

(h) *Charges*. The price for service based on tariffed rates.

(i) *Commercial contractor*. The commercial firm to whom the Commission annually awards a contract to make copies of Commission records for sale to the public.

(j) *Commission*. The Federal Communications Commission.

(k) *Concurring carrier*. A carrier (other than a connecting carrier) subject to the Act which concurs in and assents to schedules of rates and regulations filed on its behalf an issuing carrier or carriers.

(l) *Connecting carrier*. A carrier engaged in interstate or foreign communication solely through physical connection with the facilities of another carrier not directly or indirectly controlling or controlled by, or under direct or indirect common control with, such carrier.

(m) *Contract-based tariff*. A tariff based on a service contract entered

into between a non-dominant carrier and a customer, or between a customer and a price cap local exchange carrier which has obtained permission to offer contract-based tariff services pursuant to part 69, subpart H, of this chapter.

(n) *Corrections*. The remedy of errors in typing, spelling, or punctuations.

(o) *Dominant carrier*. A carrier found by the Commission to have market power (i.e., power to control prices).

(p) *GDP Price Index (GDP-PI)*. The estimate of the "Fixed Weight Price Index for Gross Domestic Product, 1987 Weights" published by the United States Department of Commerce, which the Commission designates by Order.

(q) *GNP Price Index (GNP-PI)*. The estimate of the "Fixed-Weighted Price Index for Gross National Product, 1982 Weights" published by the United States Department of Commerce, which the Commission designates by Order.

(r) *Issuing carrier*. A carrier subject to the Act that publishes and files a tariff or tariffs with the Commission.

(s) *Local Exchange Carrier*. Any person that is engaged in the provision of telephone exchange service or exchange access as defined in section 3(26) of the Act.

(t) *New service offering*. A tariff filing that provides for a class or sub-class of service not previously offered by the carrier involved and that enlarges the range of service options available to ratepayers.

(u) *Non-dominant carrier*. A carrier not found to be dominant.

(v) *Other participating carrier*. A carrier subject to the Act that publishes a tariff containing rates and regulations applicable to the portion or through service it furnishes in conjunction with another subject carrier.

(w) *Price Cap Index (PCI)*. An index of prices applying to each basket of services of each carrier subject to price cap regulation, and calculated pursuant to § 61.45.

(x) *Price cap regulation*. A method of regulation of dominant carriers provided in §§ 61.41 through 61.49.

(y) *Price cap tariff filing*. Any tariff filing involving a service subject to price cap regulation, or that requires

calculations pursuant to §§ 61.45, 61.46, or 61.47.

(z) *Productivity factor*. An adjustment factor used to make annual adjustments to the Price Cap Index to reflect the margin by which a carrier subject to price cap regulation is expected to improve its productivity relative to the economy as a whole.

(aa) *Rate*. The tarified price per unit of service.

(bb) *Rate increase*. Any change in a tariff which results in an increased rate or charge to any of the filing carrier's customers.

(cc) *Rate level change*. A tariff change that only affects the actual rate associated with a rate element, and does not affect any tariff regulations or any other wording of tariff language.

(dd) *Regulations*. The body of carrier prescribed rules in a tariff governing the offering of service in that tariff, including rules, practices, classifications, and definitions.

(ee) *Restructured service*. An offering which represents the modification of a method of charging or provisioning a service; or the introduction of a new method of charging or provisioning that does not result in a net increase in options available to customers.

(ff) *Service Band Index (SBI)*. An index of the level of aggregate rate element rates in a service category, which index is calculated pursuant to § 61.47.

(gg) *Service category*. Any group of rate elements subject to price cap regulation, which group is subject to a band.

(hh) *Supplement*. A publication filed as part of a tariff for the purpose of suspending or cancelling that tariff, or tariff publication and numbered independently from the tariff page series.

(ii) *Tariff*. Schedules of rates and regulations filed by common carriers.

(jj) *Tariff publication, or publication*. A tariff, supplement, revised page, additional page, concurrence, notice of revocation, adoption notice, or any other schedule of rates or regulations filed by common carriers.

(kk) *Tariff year*. The period from the day in a calendar year on which a carrier's annual access tariff filing is scheduled to become effective through the preceding day of the subsequent calendar year.

(ll) *Text change*. A change in the text of a tariff which does not result in a change in any rate or regulation.

(mm) *United States*. The several States and Territories, the District of Columbia, and the possessions of the United States.

(nn) *Corridor service*. “Corridor service” refers to interLATA services offered in the “limited corridors” established by the District Court in *United States v. Western Electric Co., Inc.*, 569 F. Supp. 1057, 1107 (D.D.C. 1983).

(oo) *Toll dialing parity*. “Toll dialing parity” exists when there is dialing parity, as defined in §51.5 of this chapter, for toll services.

(pp) *Loop-based services*. Loop-based services are services that employ Subcategory 1.3 facilities, as defined in §36.154 of this chapter.

[54 FR 19840, May 8, 1989, as amended at 55 FR 42382, Oct. 19, 1990; 56 FR 55239, Oct. 25, 1991; 58 FR 36147, July 6, 1993; 59 FR 10301, Mar. 4, 1994; 60 FR 19527, Apr. 19, 1995; 60 FR 20052, Apr. 24, 1995; 61 FR 59366, Nov. 22, 1996; 62 FR 5777, Feb. 7, 1997; 62 FR 31930, June 11, 1997; 64 FR 46586, Aug. 26, 1999; 64 FR 51265, Sept. 22, 1999]

EFFECTIVE DATE NOTE: At 64 FR 51265, Sept. 22, 1999, §61.3 was amended by revising paragraph (m) and adding paragraphs (nn), (oo), and (pp), effective Oct. 22, 1999. For the convenience of the user, the superseded text is set forth as follows:

§61.3 Definitions.

* * * * *

(m) *Contract-based tariff*. A tariff based on a service contract entered into between a non-dominant carrier and a customer.

* * * * *

§§61.11–61.12 [Reserved]

Subpart B—Rules for Electronic Filing

SOURCE: 63 FR 35540, June 30, 1998, unless otherwise noted.

§61.13 Scope.

(a) This applies to all tariff publications of carriers required to file tariff publications electronically, and any tariff publication that a carrier chooses to file electronically.

(b) All incumbent local exchange carriers are required to file tariff publications electronically.

(c) All tariff publications shall be filed in a manner that is compatible and consistent with the technical requirements of the Electronic Tariff Filing System.

§61.14 Method of filing publications.

(a) Publications filed electronically must be addressed to “Secretary, Federal Communications Commission, Washington, DC 20554.” The Electronic Tariff Filing System will accept filings 24 hours a day, seven days a week. The official filing date of a publication received by the Electronic Tariff Filing System will be determined by the date and time the transmission ends. If the transmission ends after the close of a business day, as that term is defined in §1.4(e)(2) of this Chapter, the filing will be date and time stamped as of the opening of the next business day.

(b)(1) In addition, except for issuing carriers filing tariffing fees electronically, for all tariff publications requiring fees as set forth in part 1, subpart G of this chapter, issuing carriers must submit the original of the cover letter (without attachments), FCC Form 159, and the appropriate fee to the Mellon Bank, Pittsburgh, PA at the address set forth in §1.1105 of this chapter.

(2) Issuing carriers filing tariffing fees electronically must submit the Form 159. The issuing carrier may submit the Form 159 in either of the methods set forth in paragraphs (b)(2)(i) or (b)(2)(ii) of this section:

(i) Issuing carriers submitting tariffing fees electronically may submit a paper copy of the Form 159, and the original transmittal letter to the Secretary of the Commission in lieu of the Mellon Bank, or;

(ii) Issuing carriers submitting tariffing fees electronically may submit a copy of the Form 159 electronically as an associated document with their tariff filing publication. In this instance issuing carriers must provide an electronic signature on their letter of transmittal in accordance with section 1.52 of this chapter.

(iii) Regardless of whether the Form 159 is submitted pursuant to paragraph (b)(2)(i) or (b)(2)(ii) of this section, the

Form 159 should display the Electronic Audit Code in the box in the upper left hand corner marked “reserved.” Issuing carriers should submit these fee materials on the same date as the submission in paragraph (a) of this section.

(c) Carriers that are required to file publications electronically may not file those publications on paper or other media unless specifically required to do so by the Commission.

(d) Carriers that are required to file publications electronically need only transmit one set of files to the Commission. No other copies to any other party are required.

(e) Carriers that are required to file publications electronically must continue to comply with the format requirements set forth in part 61.

[63 FR 35540, June 30, 1998, as amended at 64 FR 46586, Aug. 26, 1999]

§61.15 Letters of transmittal and cover letters.

(a) All tariff publications filed with the Commission electronically must be accompanied by a letter of transmittal. All letters of transmittal must:

(1) Concisely explain the nature and purpose of the filing;

(2) Specify whether supporting information is required for the new tariff or tariff revision, and specify the Commission rule or rules governing the supporting information requirements for that filing;

(3) Contain a statement indicating the date and method of filing of the original of the transmittal as required by §61.14(b).

(b) Carriers filing tariffs electronically pursuant to the notice requirements of section 204(a)(3) of the Communications Act shall display prominently, in the upper right hand corner of the letter of transmittal, a statement that the filing is made pursuant to that section and whether the tariff is filed on 7 or 15 days notice.

(c) Any carrier filing a new or revised tariff made on 15 days’ notice or less shall include in the letter of transmittal the name, room number, street address, telephone number, and facsimile number of the individual designated by the filing carrier to receive personal or facsimile service of peti-

tions against the filing as required under §1.773(a)(4) of this chapter.

(d) The letter of transmittal must specifically reference by number any special permission necessary to implement the tariff publication. Special permission must be granted prior to the filing of the tariff publication and may not be requested in the transmittal letter.

(e) The letter of transmittal must be substantially in the format established in §§ 61.33(g) and 61.33(h)(1).

(f) All submissions of documents other than a new tariff or revisions to an existing tariff, such as Base Documents or Tariff Review Plans, must be accompanied by a cover letter that concisely explains the nature and purpose of the filing. Publications submitted under this paragraph are not required to submit a tariffing fee.

§61.16 Base documents.

(a) The Base Document is a complete tariff which incorporates all effective revisions, as of the last day of the preceding month. The Base Document should be submitted with a cover letter as specified in §61.15(f) of this part and identified as the *Monthly Updated Base Document*.

(b) Initially, carriers that currently have tariffs on file with the commission must file a Base Document within five days of the initiation of mandatory electronic filing.

(c) Subsequently, if there have been revisions that became effective up to and including the last day of the preceding month, a new Base Document must be submitted within the first five business days of the current month that will incorporate those revisions.

§61.17 Method of filing applications for special permission.

(a) An application for special permission filed electronically must be addressed to “Secretary, Federal Communications Commission, Washington, DC 20554.” The Electronic Tariff Filing System will accept filings 24 hours a day, seven days a week. The official filing date of a publication received by the Electronic Tariff Filing System will be determined by the date and time the transmission ends. If the transmission ends after the close of a

business day, as that term is defined in § 1.4(e)(2) of this chapter, the filing will be date and time stamped as of the opening of the next business day.

(b) In addition, except for issuing carriers filing tariffing fees electronically, for special permission applications requiring fees as set forth in part 1, subpart G of this chapter, issuing carriers must submit the original of the application letter (without attachments), FCC Form 159, and the appropriate fee to the Mellon Bank, Pittsburgh, PA, at the address set forth in § 1.1105 of this chapter. Issuing carriers submitting tariffing fees electronically should submit a copy of the Form 159 and the original application letter to the Secretary of the Commission in lieu of the Mellon Bank. The Form 159 should display the Electronic Audit Code in the box in the upper left hand corner marked "reserved". Issuing carriers should submit these fee materials on the same day as the transmission in paragraph (a) of this section.

(c) In addition, if a carrier applies for special permission to revise joint tariffs, the application must state that it is filed on behalf of all carriers participating in the affected service. Applications must be numbered consecutively in a series separate from FCC tariff numbers, bear the signature of the officer or agent of the carrier, and be in the following format:

Application No.
(Date)
Secretary
Federal Communications Commission
Washington, DC 20554.

Attention: Common Carrier Bureau
(here provide the statements required by § 61.152).

(Exact name of carrier)
(Name of officer or agent)
(Title of officer or agent)

[63 FR 35540, June 30, 1998, as amended at 64 FR 46586, Aug. 26, 1999]

Subpart C—General Rules for Nondominant Carriers

§ 61.18 Scope.

The rules in this subpart apply to all nondominant carriers.

[64 FR 46587, Aug. 26, 1999]

§ 61.19 Detariffing of interstate, domestic, interexchange services.

(a) Except as otherwise provided in paragraphs (b) and (c), or by Commission order, carriers that are nondominant in the provision of interstate, domestic, interexchange services shall not file tariffs for such services.

(b) Carriers that are nondominant in the provision of domestic, interstate, interexchange services are permitted to file tariffs for dial-around 1+services. For the purposes of this paragraph, dial-around 1+calls are those calls made by accessing the interexchange carrier through the use of that carrier's carrier access code.

(c) Carriers that are nondominant in the provision of domestic, interstate, interexchange services are permitted to file a tariff for such interstate service applicable to those customers who contact the local exchange carrier to designate an interexchange carrier or to initiate a change with respect to their primary interexchange carrier. Such tariff will enable the interexchange carrier to provide service to the customer until the interexchange carrier and the customer consummate a written agreement, but in no event shall the interexchange carrier provide service to its customer pursuant to such tariff for more than 45 days.

[62 FR 59604, Nov. 4, 1997. Redesignated and amended at 64 FR 46587, Aug. 26, 1999]

§ 61.20 Method of filing publications.

(a) Publications sent for filing must be addressed to "Secretary, Federal Communications Commission, Washington, DC 20554." The date on which the publication is received by the Secretary of the Commission (or the Mail Room where submitted by mail) is considered the official filing date.

(b)(1) In addition, except for issuing carriers filing tariffing fees electronically, for all tariff publications requiring fees as set forth in part 1, subpart G of this chapter, issuing carriers must submit the original of the cover letter (without attachments), FCC Form 159, and the appropriate fee to the Mellon Bank, Pittsburgh, PA at the address set forth in § 1.1105 of this chapter. Issuing carriers submitting tariffing fees electronically should submit the

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Form 159 and the original cover letter to the Secretary of the Commission in lieu of the Mellon Bank. The Form 159 should display the Electronic Audit Code in the box in the upper left hand corner marked "reserved." Issuing carriers should submit these fee materials on the same date as the submission in paragraph (a) of this section.

(2) International carriers must certify in their original cover letter that they are authorized under Section 214 of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, to provide service, and reference the FCC file number of that authorization.

(c) In addition to the requirements set forth in paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section, the issuing carrier must send a copy of the cover letter with one 3½ inch diskette or CD-ROM containing both the complete tariff and any attachments, as appropriate, to the Secretary, Federal Communications Commission. In addition, the issuing carrier must send one diskette or CD-ROM of the complete tariff and a copy of the cover letter to the commercial contractor (at its office on Commission premises), and to the Chief, Tariff and Pricing Analysis Branch. The latter should be clearly labeled as the "Public Reference Copy." The issuing carrier should file the copies required by this paragraph so they will be received on the same date as the filings in paragraph (a) of this section. In cases where the a single diskette or CD-ROM does not provide sufficient capacity for the carrier's entire tariff filing, the issuing carrier may submit two or more diskettes, or two or more CD-ROMs, as necessary.

[58 FR 44460, Aug. 23, 1993, as amended at 61 FR 15726, Apr. 9, 1996. Redesignated at 61 FR 59366, Nov. 22, 1996, and further redesignated and amended at 64 FR 46587, Aug. 26, 1999]

§ 61.21 Cover letters.

(a)(1) Except as specified in § 61.32(b), all publications filed with the Commission must be accompanied by a cover letter, 8.5 by 11 inches (21.6 cm × 27.9 cm) in size, and must be plainly printed in black ink. All transmittal letters should briefly explain the nature and purpose of the filing and indicate the date and method of filing of the origi-

nal cover letter, as required by § 61.20(b)(1) of this part.

(2) International carriers must certify that they are authorized under Section 214 of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, to provide service, and reference the FCC file number of that authorization.

(b) A separate cover letter may accompany each publication, or an issuing carrier may file as many publications as desired with one cover letter.

NOTE: If a receipt for accompanying publication is desired, the cover letter must be sent in duplicate. One copy showing the date of the receipt by the Commission will then be returned to the sender.

[58 FR 44460, Aug. 23, 1993, as amended at 61 FR 15726, Apr. 9, 1996. Redesignated at 61 FR 59366, Nov. 22, 1996, and further redesignated and amended at 64 FR 46587, Aug. 26, 1999]

§ 61.22 Composition of tariffs.

(a) The tariff must be submitted on a 3½ inch (8.89 cm) diskette, or a 5 inch CD-ROM, formatted in an IBM-compatible form using either WordPerfect 5.1, Microsoft Word 6, or Microsoft Word 97 software. No diskettes shall contain more than one tariff. The diskette or CD-ROM must be submitted in "read only" mode. The diskette or CD-ROM must be clearly labelled with the carrier's name, Tariff Number, software used, and the date of submission. When multiple diskettes or CD-ROMs are submitted, the issuing carrier shall clearly label each diskette in the following format: "1 of ", "2 of ", etc.

(b) The tariff must contain the carrier's name, the international Section 214 authorization FCC file number (when applicable), and the information required by Section 203 of the Act.

(c)(1) Changes to a tariff must be made by refiling the entire tariff on a new diskette, with the changed material included. The carrier must indicate in the tariff what changes have been made.

(2) Any issuing carrier submitting an individual tariff that requires ten or more diskettes that wishes to revise its tariff is permitted to do so by filing a diskette containing only those pages

on which the changed material is located. Any such carrier shall file a current effective version of its entire tariff on the first business day of each month. For purposes of this paragraph, “business day” is defined in § 1.4(e)(2) of this chapter.

(d) Domestic and international non-dominant carriers subject to the provisions of this section are not subject to the tariff filing requirements of § 61.54.

(e)(1) For contract-based tariffs defined in § 61.3(m), a separate letter of transmittal may accompany each tariff filed, or the above format may be modified for filing as many publications as may be desired with one transmittal letter. The transmittals must be numbered in a series separate from transmittals for non-contract tariff filing. Numbers must appear on the face of the transmittal and be in the form of “CTT No. ”, using CTT as an abbreviation for contract-based tariff transmittals, or some similar form that indicates that the transmittal is a contract-based tariff transmittal. Contract-based tariffs must also be numbered in a series separate from non-contract-based tariffs. Numbers must be in the form of “CT No. ”, using CT as an abbreviation for contract-based tariffs, or some similar form that indicates that the tariff is a contract-based tariff. Each contract-based tariff must be assigned a separate number. Transmittals and tariffs subject to this paragraph shall be filed beginning with the number “1” and shall be numbered consecutively.

(2) Composition of contract-based tariffs shall comply with §§ 61.54 (b) through (i).

(3) Contract-based tariffs shall include the following:

- (i) The term of the contract, including any renewal options;
- (ii) A brief description of each of the services provided under the contract;
- (iii) Minimum volume commitments for each service;
- (iv) The contract price for each service or services at the volume levels committed to by the customers;
- (v) A general description of any volume discounts built into the contract rate structure; and

(vi) A general description of other classifications, practices and regulations affecting the contract rate.

[58 FR 44460, Aug. 23, 1993; 58 FR 48323, Sept. 15, 1993, as amended at 61 FR 15727, Apr. 9, 1996. Redesignated at 61 FR 59366, Nov. 22, 1996, and further redesignated and amended at 64 FR 46587, Aug. 26, 1999]

§ 61.23 Notice requirements.

(a) Every proposed tariff filing must bear an effective date and, except as otherwise provided by regulation, special permission, or Commission order, must be made on at least the number of days notice specified in this section.

(b) Notice is accomplished by filing the proposed tariff changes with the Commission. Any period of notice specified in this section begins on and includes the date the tariff is received by the Commission, but does not include the effective date. In computing the notice period required, all days including Sundays and holidays must be counted.

(c) All tariff filings of domestic and international non-dominant carriers must be made on at least one day’s notice.

[58 FR 44460, Aug. 23, 1993, as amended at 61 FR 15727, Apr. 9, 1996. Redesignated at 61 FR 59366, Nov. 22, 1996, and further redesignated and amended at 64 FR 46587, 46588, Aug. 26, 1999]

§ 61.25 References to other instruments.

In addition to the cross-references permitted pursuant to § 61.74, a non-dominant carrier may cross-reference in its tariff publication only the rate provisions of another carrier’s FCC tariff publication, provided that the following conditions are met:

(a) The tariff being cross-referenced must be on file with the Commission and in effect;

(b) The issuing carrier must specifically identify in its tariff the cross-referenced tariff by Carrier Name and FCC Tariff Number;

(c) The issuing carrier must specifically identify in its tariff the rates being cross-referenced so as to leave no doubt as to the exact rates that will apply, including but not limited to any applicable credits, discounts, promotions; and

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(d) The issuing carrier must keep its cross-references current.

[64 FR 46588, Aug. 26, 1999]

Subpart D—General Tariff Rules for International Dominant Carriers

§ 61.28 International dominant carrier tariff filing requirements.

(a) Any carrier classified as dominant for the provision of particular international communications services on a particular route due only to a foreign carrier affiliation pursuant to § 63.10 of this Chapter shall file tariffs for those services on at least one day's notice without cost support.

(b) Any carrier classified as dominant for the provision of particular international communications services on a particular route for any reason other than a foreign carrier affiliation pursuant to § 63.10 shall file tariffs for those services pursuant to the notice and cost support requirements for tariff filings of dominant domestic carriers, as set forth in subpart E of this part.

(c) Other than the notice and cost support requirements set forth in paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section, all tariff filing requirements applicable to all carriers classified as dominant for the provision of particular international communications services on a particular route are set forth in subpart C of this part.

[64 FR 46588, Aug. 26, 1999]

Subpart E—General Rules for Dominant Carriers

§ 61.31 Scope.

The rules in this subpart apply to all dominant carriers.

[64 FR 46588, Aug. 26, 1999]

§ 61.32 Method of filing publications.

(a) Publications sent for filing must be addressed to "Secretary, Federal Communications Commission, Washington, DC 20554." The date on which the publication is received by the Secretary of the Commission (or the Mail Room where submitted by mail) is considered the official filing date.

(b) In addition, except for issuing carriers filing tariffing fees electronically,

for all tariff publications requiring fees as set forth in part 1, subpart G of this chapter, issuing carriers must submit the original of the transmittal letter (without attachments), FCC Form 159, and the appropriate fee to the Mellon Bank, Pittsburgh, PA, at the address set forth in § 1.1105 of this chapter. Issuing carriers submitting tariffing fees electronically should submit the Form 159 and the original cover letter to the Secretary of the Commission in lieu of the Mellon Bank. The Form 159 should display the Electronic Audit Code in the box in the upper left hand corner marked "reserved." Issuing carriers should submit these fee materials on the same date as the submission in paragraph (a) of this section.

(c) In addition to the requirements set forth in paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section, the issuing carrier must send a copy of the transmittal letter with two copies of the proposed tariff pages and all attachments, including the supporting information specified in § 61.38 or § 61.49, as appropriate, to the Secretary, Federal Communications Commission. In addition, the issuing carrier must send a copy of the publication, supporting information specified in § 61.38 or § 61.49, as appropriate, and transmittal letter to the commercial contractor (at its office on Commission premises), and to the Chief, Tariff and Pricing Analysis Branch. The latter should be clearly labeled as the "Public Reference Copy." The copies of supporting information required here are in addition to those required by § 61.38(c). The issuing carrier must file the copies required by this paragraph so they will be received on the same date as the filings in paragraph (a).

[55 FR 19173, May 8, 1990, as amended at 64 FR 46588, 46593, Aug. 26, 1999]

§ 61.33 Letters of transmittal.

(a) Except as specified in § 61.32(b), all publications filed on paper with the Commission must be numbered consecutively by the issuing carrier beginning with Number 1, and must be accompanied by a letter of transmittal, A4 (21 cm x 29.7 cm) or 8½ by 11 inches (21.6 cm x 27.9 cm) in size. All letters of transmittal must

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(1) Concisely explain the nature and purpose of the filing;

(2) Specify whether supporting information under § 61.38 is required;

(3) State whether copies have been delivered to the Commercial Contractor and Chief, Tariff and Pricing Analysis Branch as required by § 61.32, and

(4) Contain a statement indicating the date and method of filing of the original of the transmittal letter as required by § 61.32(b), and the date and method of filing the copies as required by § 61.32 (a) and (c).

(b) In addition to the requirements set forth in paragraph (a) of this section, any local exchange carrier choosing to file an Access Tariff under § 61.39 must include in the transmittal:

(1) A summary of the filing's basic rates, terms and conditions;

(2) A statement concerning whether any prior Commission facility authorization necessary to the implementation of the tariff has been obtained; and

(3) A statement that the filing is made pursuant to § 61.39.

(c) In addition to the requirements set forth in paragraph (a) of this section, any carrier filing a price cap tariff must include in the letter of transmittal a statement that the filing is made pursuant to § 61.49.

(d) Tariffs filed pursuant to section 204(a)(3) of the Communications Act shall display prominently in the upper right hand corner of the letter of transmittal a statement that the filing is made pursuant to that section and whether it is being filed on 7- or 15-days' notice.

(e) In addition to the requirements set forth in paragraph (a) of this section, any carrier filing a new or revised tariff made on 15 days' notice or less shall include in the letter of transmittal, the name, room number, street address, telephone number, and facsimile number of the individual designated by the filing carrier to receive personal or facsimile service of petitions against the filing as required under § 1.773(a)(4) of this chapter.

(f) In addition to the requirements set forth in paragraphs (a), (b), and (c) of this section, the letter of transmittal must specifically reference by

number any special permission necessary to implement the tariff publication. Special permission must be granted prior to the filing of the tariff publication, and may not be requested in the transmittal letter.

(g) The letter of transmittal must be substantially in the following format.

(Exact name of carrier in full)

(Post Office Address)

, 19 .

(Date)

Transmittal No.

Secretary,

Federal Communications Commission

Washington, DC 20554

Attention: Common Carrier Bureau.

The accompanying tariff (or other publication) issued by , and bearing FCC No. , effective 19 , is sent to you for filing in compliance with the requirements of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended. (Here give the additional information required.)

(Name of issuing officer or agent)

(Title)

(h)(1) A separate letter of transmittal may accompany each publication, or the above format may be modified to provide for filing as many publications as desired with one transmittal letter.

(2) [Reserved]

NOTE TO § 61.33: If a receipt for accompanying publication is desired, the letter of transmittal must be sent in duplicate. One copy showing the date of receipt by the Commission will then be returned to the sender.

[55 FR 19173, May 8, 1990, as amended by 56 FR 55239, Oct. 25, 1991; 58 FR 17530, Apr. 5, 1993; 58 FR 44906, Aug. 25, 1993; 62 FR 5777, Feb. 7, 1997; 64 FR 46588, 46593, Aug. 26, 1999]

§ 61.38 Supporting information to be submitted with letters of transmittal.

(a) *Scope.* This section applies to dominant carriers whose gross annual revenues exceed \$500,000 for the most recent 12 month period of operations or are estimated to exceed \$500,000 for a representative 12 month period. Local exchange carriers serving 50,000 or fewer access lines in a given study area that are described as subset 3 carriers in § 69.602 of this chapter may submit Access Tariff filings for that study area pursuant to either this section or § 61.39. However, the Commission may

require any carrier to submit such information as may be necessary for a review of a tariff filing. This section (other than the preceding sentence of this paragraph) shall not apply to tariff filings proposing rates for services identified in §61.42 (d), (e), and (g).

(b) *Explanation and data supporting either changes or new tariff offerings.* The material to be submitted for a tariff change which affects rates or charges or for a tariff offering a new service, must include an explanation of the changed or new matter, the reasons for the filing, the basis of ratemaking employed, and economic information to support the changed or new matter.

(1) For a tariff change the carrier must submit the following, including complete explanations of the bases for the estimates.

(i) A cost of service study for all elements for the most recent 12 month period;

(ii) A study containing a projection of costs for a representative 12 month period;

(iii) Estimates of the effect of the changed matter on the traffic and revenues from the service to which the changed matter applies, the carrier's other service classifications, and the carrier's overall traffic and revenues. These estimates must include the projected effects on the traffic and revenues for the same representative 12 month period used in (ii) above.

(2) For a tariff filing offering a new service, the carrier must submit the following, including complete explanations of the bases for the estimates.

(i) A study containing a projection of costs for a representative 12 month period; and

(ii) Estimates of the effect of the new matter on the traffic and revenues from the service to which the new matter applies, the carrier's other service classifications, and the carrier's overall traffic and revenues. These estimates must include the projected effects on the traffic and revenues for the same representative 12 month period used in paragraph (b)(2)(i) of this section.

(3) [Reserved]

(4) For a tariff that introduces a system of density pricing zones, as described in §69.123 of this chapter, the

carrier must, before filing its tariff, submit a density pricing zone plan including, *inter alia*, documentation sufficient to establish that the system of zones reasonably reflects cost-related characteristics, such as the density of total interstate traffic in central offices located in the respective zones, and receive approval of its proposed plan.

(c) *Working papers and statistical data.*

(1) Concurrently with the filing of any tariff change or tariff filing for a service not previously offered, the Chief, Tariff and Pricing Analysis Branch must be provided two sets of working papers containing the information underlying the data supplied in response to paragraph (b) of this section, and a clear explanation of how the working papers relate to that information.

(2) All statistical studies must be submitted and supported in the form prescribed in §1.363 of the Commission's Rules.

(d) *Form and content of additional material to be submitted with certain rate increases.* In the circumstances set out in paragraphs (d)(1) and (2) of this section, the filing carrier must submit all additional cost, marketing and other data underlying the working papers to justify a proposed rate increase. The carrier must submit this information in suitable form to serve as the carrier's direct case in the event the rate increase is set by the Commission for investigation.

(1) Rate increases affecting single services or tariffed items.

(i) A rate increase in any service or tariffed item which results in more than \$1 million in additional annual revenues, calculated on the basis of existing quantities in service, without regard to the percentage increase in such revenues; or

(ii) A single rate increase in any service or tariffed item, or successive rate increases in the same service or tariffed item within a 12 month period, either of which results in:

(A) At least a 10 percent increase in annual revenues from that service or tariffed item, and

(B) At least \$100,000 in additional annual revenues, both calculated on the basis of existing quantities in service.

(2) Rate increases affecting more than one service or tariffed item.

(i) A general rate increase in more than one service or tariffed item occurring at one time, which results in more than \$1 million in additional revenues calculated on the basis of existing quantities in service, without regard to the percentage increase in such revenues; or

(ii) A general rate increase in more than one service or tariffed item occurring at one time, or successive general rate increases in the same services or tariffed items occurring within a 12 month period, either of which results in:

(A) At least a 10 percent increase in annual revenues from those services or tariffed items, and

(B) At least \$100,000 in additional annual revenues, both calculated on the basis of existing quantities in service.

(e) *Submission of explanation and data by connecting carriers.* If the changed or new matter is being filed by the issuing carrier at the request of a connecting carrier, the connecting carrier must provide the data required by paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section on the date the issuing carrier files the tariff matter with the Commission.

(f) *Copies of explanation and data to customers.* Concurrently with the filing of any rate for special construction (or special assembly equipment and arrangements) developed on the basis of estimated costs, the offering carrier must transmit to the customer a copy of the explanation and data required by paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section.

(g) On each page of cost support material submitted pursuant to this section, the carrier shall indicate the transmittal number under which that page was submitted.

[49 FR 40869, Oct. 18, 1984, as amended at 53 FR 36289, Sept. 19, 1988; 54 FR 19841, May 8, 1989; 55 FR 42382, Oct. 19, 1990; 56 FR 55239, Oct. 25, 1991; 57 FR 54330, Nov. 18, 1992; 58 FR 36147, July 6, 1993; 58 FR 48762, Sept. 17, 1993; 64 FR 46588, 46593, Aug. 26, 1999]

§ 61.39 Optional supporting information to be submitted with letters of transmittal for Access Tariff filings effective on or after April 1, 1989, by local exchange carriers serving 50,000 or fewer access lines in a given study area that are described as subset 3 carriers in § 69.602.

(a) *Scope.* This section provides for an optional method of filing for any local exchange carrier that is described as subset 3 carrier in § 69.602, which elects to issue its own Access Tariff for a period commencing on or after April 1, 1989, and which serves 50,000 or fewer access lines in a study area as determined under § 36.611(a)(8) of this chapter. However, the Commission may require any carrier to submit such information as may be necessary for review of a tariff filing. This section (other than the preceding sentence of this paragraph) shall not apply to tariff filings of local exchange carriers subject to price cap regulation.

(b) *Explanation and data supporting tariff changes.* The material to be submitted to either a tariff change or a new tariff which affects rates or charges must include an explanation of the filing in the transmittal as required by § 61.33. The basis for rate-making must comply with the following requirements. Except as provided in paragraph (b)(5) of this section, it is not necessary to submit this supporting data at the time of filing. However, the local exchange carrier should be prepared to submit the data promptly upon reasonable request by the Commission or interested parties.

(1) For a tariff change, the local exchange carrier that is a cost schedule carrier must propose Tariff Sensitive rates based on the following:

(i) For the first period, a cost of service study for Traffic Sensitive elements for the most recent 12 month period with related demand for the same period.

(ii) For subsequent filings, a cost of service study for Traffic Sensitive elements for the total period since the

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local exchange carrier's last annual filing, with related demand for the same period.

(2) For a tariff change, the local exchange company that is an average schedule carrier must propose Traffic Sensitive rates based on the following:

(i) For the first period, the local exchange carrier's most recent annual Traffic Sensitive settlement from the National Exchange Carrier Association pool.

(ii) For subsequent filings, an amount calculated to reflect the Traffic Sensitive average schedule pool settlement the carrier would have received if the carrier had continued to participate, based upon the most recent average schedule formulas approved by the Commission.

(3) For a tariff change, the local exchange carrier that is a cost schedule carrier must propose Common Line rates based on the following:

(i) For the first biennial filing, the common line revenue requirement shall be determined by a cost of service study for the most recent 12-month period. Subscriber line charges shall be based on cost and demand data for the same period. Carrier common line rates shall be determined by the following formula:

$$\frac{\text{CCL Rev Req}}{\text{CCL MOU}_b * (1 + h/2)^2}$$

where:

$$h = \frac{\text{CCL MOU}_1 - 1}{\text{CCL MOU}_0}$$

And where:

CCL Rev Req = carrier common line revenue requirement for the most recent 12-month period;

CCL MOU_b = carrier common line minutes of use for the most recent 12-month period;

CCL MOU₁ = *CCL MOU_b*; and

CCL MOU₀ = carrier common line minutes of use for the 12-month period preceding the most recent 12-month period.

(ii) For subsequent biennial filings, the common line revenue requirement shall be determined by a cost of service study for the most recent 24-month period. Subscriber line charges shall be based on cost and demand data for the same period. Carrier common line rates

shall be determined by the following formula:

$$\frac{\text{CCL Rev Req}}{\text{CCL MOU}_b * (1 + h/2)^{5/2}}$$

Where:

$$h = \frac{\text{CCL MOU}_1 - 1}{\text{CCL MOU}_0}$$

And where:

CCL Rev Req = carrier common line revenue requirement for the most recent 24-month period;

CCL MOU_b = carrier common line minutes of use for the most recent 24-month period;

CCL MOU₁ = carrier common line minutes of use for the 12-month period; and

CCL MOU₀ = carrier common line minutes of use for the 12-month period preceding the most recent 12-month period.

(4) For a tariff change, the local exchange carrier which is an average schedule carrier must propose common line rates based on the following:

(i) For the first biennial filings, the common line revenue requirement shall be determined by the local exchange carrier's most recent annual Common Line settlement from the National Exchange Carrier Association. Subscriber line charges shall be based on cost and demand data for the same period. Carrier common line rates shall be determined by the following formula:

$$\frac{\text{CCL Rev Req}}{\text{CCL MOU}_b * (1 + h/2)^2}$$

Where:

$$h = \frac{\text{CCL MOU}_1 - 1}{\text{CCL MOU}_0}$$

And where:

CCL Rev Req = carrier common line settlement for the most recent 12-month period;

CCL MOU_b = carrier common line minutes of use for the most recent 12-month period;

CCL MOU₁ = *CCL MOU_b*; and

CCL MOU₀ = carrier common line minutes of use for the 12-month period preceding the most recent 12-month period.

(ii) For subsequent biennial filings, the common line revenue requirement

shall be an amount calculated to reflect the average schedule pool settlements the carrier would have received if the carrier had continued to participate in the carrier common line pool, based upon the average schedule Common Line formulas developed by the National Exchange Carrier Association for the most recent 24-month period. Subscriber line charges shall be based on cost and demand data for the same period. Carrier common line rates shall be determined by the following formula:

$$\frac{\text{CCL Rev Req}}{\text{CCL MOU}_b * (1 + h/2)^{5/2}}$$

Where:

$$h = \frac{\text{CCL MOU}_1}{\text{CCL MOU}_0} - 1$$

And where:

CCL Rev Req = carrier common line settlement for the most recent 24-month period;

CCL MOU_b = carrier common line minutes of use for the most recent 24-month period;

CCL MOU_i = carrier common line minutes of use for the most recent 12-month period; and

CCL MOU₀ = carrier common line minutes of use for the 12-month period preceding the most recent 12-month period.

(5) For End User Common Line charges included in a tariff pursuant to this Section, the local exchange carrier must provide supporting information for the two-year historical period with its letter of transmittal in accordance with § 61.38.

(c) *Maximum allowable rate of return.* Local exchange carriers filing tariffs under this section are not required to comply with §§ 65.700 through 65.701, inclusive, of the Commission's Rules, except with respect to periods during which tariffs were not subject to this section. The Commission may require any carrier to submit such information if it deems it necessary to monitor the carrier's earnings. However, rates must be calculated based on the local exchange carrier's prescribed rate of return applicable to the period during which the rates are effective.

(d) Rates for a new service that is the same as that offered by a price cap regulated local exchange carrier providing

service in an adjacent serving area are deemed presumptively lawful, if the proposed rates, in the aggregate, are no greater than the rates established by the price cap local exchange carrier. Tariff filings made pursuant to this paragraph must include the following:

(1) A brief explanation of why the service is like an existing service offered by a geographically adjacent price cap regulated local exchange carrier; and

(2) Data to establish compliance with this subsection that, in aggregate, the proposed rates for the new service are no greater than those in effect for the same or comparable service offered by that same geographically adjacent price cap regulated local exchange carrier. Compliance may be shown through submission of applicable tariff pages of the adjacent carrier; a showing that the serving areas are adjacent; any necessary explanations and work sheets.

(e) Average schedule companies filing pursuant to this section shall retain their status as average schedule companies.

(f) On each page of cost support material submitted pursuant to this section, the carrier shall indicate the transmittal number under which that page was submitted.

[52 FR 26682, July 16, 1987, as amended at 53 FR 36289, Sept. 19, 1988; 55 FR 42382, Oct. 19, 1990; 58 FR 36147, July 6, 1993; 62 FR 31004, June 6, 1997; 64 FR 46588, Aug. 26, 1999]

§ 61.40 Private line rate structure guidelines.

(a) The Commission uses a variety of tools to determine whether a carrier's private line tariffs are just, reasonable, and nondiscriminatory. The carrier's burden of cost justification can be reduced when its private line rate structures comply with the following five guidelines.

(1) Rate structures for the same or comparable services should be integrated;

(2) Rate structures for the same or comparable services should be consistent with one another;

(3) Rate elements should be selected to reflect market demand, pricing convenience for the carrier and customers,

and cost characteristics; a rate element which appears separately in one rate structure should appear separately in all other rate structures;

(4) Rate elements should be consistently defined with respect to underlying service functions and should be consistently employed through all rate structures; and

(5) Rate structures should be simple and easy to understand.

(b) The guidelines do not preclude a carrier, in a given case when a private line tariff does not comply with these guidelines, from justifying its departure from the guidelines and showing that its tariff is just, reasonable, and nondiscriminatory.

§61.41 Price cap requirements generally.

(a) Sections 61.42 through 61.49 shall apply as follows:

(1) [Reserved]

(2) To such local exchange carriers as specified by Commission order, and to all local exchange carriers, other than average schedule companies, that are affiliated with such carriers; and

(3) On an elective basis, to local exchange carriers, other than those specified in paragraph (a)(2) of this section, that are neither participants in any Association tariff, nor affiliated with any such participants, except that affiliation with average schedule companies shall not bar a carrier from electing price cap regulation provided the carrier is otherwise eligible.

(b) If a telephone company, or any one of a group of affiliated telephone companies, files a price cap tariff in one study area, that telephone company and its affiliates, except its average schedule affiliates, must file price cap tariffs in all their study areas.

(c) The following rules apply to telephone companies subject to price cap regulation, as that term is defined in §61.3(w), which are involved in mergers, acquisitions, or similar transactions.

(1) Any telephone company subject to price cap regulation that is a party to a merger, acquisition, or similar transaction shall continue to be subject to price cap regulation notwithstanding such transaction.

(2) Where a telephone company subject to price cap regulation acquires, is

acquired by, merges with, or otherwise becomes affiliated with a telephone company that is not subject to price cap regulation, the latter telephone company shall become subject to price cap regulation no later than one year following the effective date of such merger, acquisition, or similar transaction and shall accordingly file price cap tariffs to be effective no later than that date in accordance with the applicable provisions of this part 61.

(3) Notwithstanding the provisions of §61.41(c)(2) above, when a telephone company subject to price cap regulation acquires, is acquired by, merges with, or otherwise becomes affiliated with a telephone company that qualifies as an 'average schedule' company, the latter company may retain its 'average schedule' status or become subject to price cap regulation in accordance with §69.3(i)(3) and the requirements referenced in that section.

(d) Local exchange carriers that become subject to price cap regulation as that term is defined in §61.3(w) of this chapter shall not be eligible to withdraw from such regulation.

[55 FR 42382, Oct. 19, 1990; 55 FR 50558, Dec. 7, 1990, as amended at 56 FR 55239, Oct. 25, 1991; 64 FR 46589, Aug. 26, 1999]

§61.42 Price cap baskets and service categories.

(a)–(c) [Reserved]

(d) Each local exchange carrier subject to price cap regulation shall establish baskets of services as follows:

(1) A basket for the common line interstate access elements as described in §§69.115, 69.152, 69.154, and 69.157 of this chapter, and that portion of the interstate access element described in §69.153 of this chapter that recovers common line interstate access revenues. For purposes of §§61.41 through 61.49 of this chapter, this basket shall be referred to as the "common line basket."

(2) A basket for traffic sensitive switched interstate access elements. For purposes of §§61.41 through 61.49 of this chapter, this basket shall be referred to as the "traffic-sensitive basket."

(3) A basket for trunking services as described in §§69.110, 69.111, 69.112,

69.114, 69.125(b), and 69.155 of this chapter, and that portion of the interstate access element described in § 69.153 of this chapter that recovers residual interconnection charge revenues. For purposes of §§ 61.41 through 61.49 of this chapter, this basket shall be referred to as the “trunking basket.”

(4)(i) To the extent that a local exchange carrier specified in § 61.41(a) (2) or (3) offers interstate interexchange services that are not classified as access services for the purpose of part 69 of this chapter, such exchange carrier shall establish a fourth basket for such services. For purposes of §§ 61.41 through 61.49 of this chapter, this basket shall be referred to as the “inter-exchange basket.”

(ii) If a price cap carrier has implemented interLATA and intraLATA toll dialing parity everywhere it provides local exchange services at the holding company level, that price cap carrier may file a tariff revision to remove corridor and interstate intraLATA toll services from its interexchange basket.

(5) To the extent that a local exchange carrier specified in § 61.41(a) (2) or (3) offers interstate video dialtone services, a basket for basic video dialtone services as described in § 63.54 of this chapter.

(6) A basket for the marketing expenses described in § 69.156 of this chapter, including those recovered through End User Common Line charges and Presubscribed Interexchange Carrier charges. For purposes of §§ 61.41 through 61.49 of this chapter, this basket shall be referred to as the “marketing expense basket.”

(e)(1) The traffic sensitive switched interstate access basket shall contain such services as the Commission shall permit or require, including the following service categories:

- (i) Local switching as described in § 69.106(f) of this chapter;
- (ii) Information, as described in § 69.109 of this chapter;
- (iii) Data base access services;
- (iv) Billing name and address, as described in § 69.128 of this chapter;
- (v) Local switching trunk ports, as described in § 69.106(f)(1) of this chapter; and

(vi) Signalling transfer point port termination, as described in § 69.125(c) of this chapter.

(2) The trunking basket shall contain such transport and special access services as the Commission shall permit or require, including the following service categories and subcategories:

(i) Voice grade entrance facilities, voice grade direct-trunked transport, voice grade dedicated signalling transport, voice grade special access, WATS special access, metallic special access, and telegraph special access services;

(ii) Audio and video services;

(iii) High capacity flat-rated transport, high capacity special access, and DDS services, including the following service subcategories:

(A) DS1 entrance facilities, DS1 direct-trunked transport, DS1 dedicated signalling transport, and DS1 special access services; and

(B) DS3 entrance facilities, DS3 direct-trunked transport, DS3 dedicated signalling transport, and DS3 special access services;

(iv) Wideband data and wideband analog services;

(v) Tandem-switched transport, as described in § 69.111 of this chapter; and

(vi) Interconnection charge, as recovered in §§ 69.153 and 69.155 of this chapter.

(vii) Signalling for tandem switching, as described in § 69.129 of this chapter.

(f) Each local exchange carrier subject to price cap regulation shall exclude from its price cap baskets such services or portions of such services as the Commission has designated or may hereafter designate by order.

(g) New services, other than those within the scope of paragraph (f) of this section, must be included in the affected basket at the first annual price cap tariff filing following completion of the base period in which they are introduced. To the extent that such new services are permitted or required to be included in new or existing service categories within the assigned basket, they shall be so included at the first annual price cap tariff filing following

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completion of the base period in which they are introduced.

[54 FR 19842, May 8, 1989, as amended at 55 FR 42382, Oct. 19, 1990; 55 FR 50558, Dec. 7, 1990; 56 FR 5956, Feb. 14, 1991; 56 FR 55239, Oct. 25, 1991; 57 FR 54718, Nov. 20, 1992; 58 FR 7868, Feb. 10, 1993; 58 FR 29552, May 21, 1993; 58 FR 31914, June 7, 1993; 58 FR 36145, July 6, 1993; 59 FR 10301, Mar. 4, 1994; 59 FR 32930, June 27, 1994; 60 FR 4569, Jan. 24, 1995; 60 FR 13639, Mar. 14, 1995; 60 FR 52346, Oct. 6, 1995; 62 FR 31930, June 11, 1997; 64 FR 46589, Aug. 26, 1999; 64 FR 51265, Sept. 22, 1999]

EFFECTIVE DATE NOTE: At 64 FR 51265, Sept. 22, 1999, § 61.42 was amended by redesignating paragraph (d)(4) as (d)(4)(i) and adding paragraph (d)(4)(ii), effective Oct. 22, 1999.

§ 61.43 Annual price cap filings required.

Carriers subject to price cap regulation shall submit annual price cap tariff filings that propose rates for the upcoming tariff year, that make appropriate adjustments to their PCI, API, and SBI values pursuant to §§ 61.45 through 61.47, and that incorporate new services into the PCI, API, or SBI calculations pursuant to §§ 61.45(g), 61.46(b), and 61.47 (b) and (c). Carriers may propose rate, PCI, or other tariff changes more often than annually, consistent with the requirements of § 61.59.

[64 FR 46589, Aug. 26, 1999]

§ 61.44 [Reserved]

§ 61.45 Adjustments to the PCI for Local Exchange Carriers.

(a) Local exchange carriers subject to price cap regulation shall file adjustments to the PCI for each basket as part of the annual price cap tariff filing, and shall maintain updated PCIs to reflect the effect of mid-year exogenous cost changes.

(b)(1)(i) Adjustments to local exchange carrier PCIs, in those carriers' annual access tariff filings, for the traffic-sensitive basket described in § 61.42(d)(2), the trunking basket described in § 61.42(d)(3), and the marketing expense basket described in § 61.42(d)(6), shall be made pursuant to the following formula:

$$PCI_t = PCI_{t-1} [1 + w(GDP-PI - X) + \Delta Z / R]$$

Where

GDP-PI = the percentage change in the GDP-PI between the quarter ending six months prior to the effective date of the new annual tariff and the corresponding quarter of the previous year,

X = 6.5%,

ΔZ = the dollar effect of current regulatory changes when compared to the regulations in effect at the time the PCI was updated to PCI_{t-1} , measured at base period level of operations,

R = an amount calculated by multiplying base period quantities for each rate element in the basket by the price for that rate element at the time the PCI was updated to PCI_{t-1} , inclusive of the products of base period quantities for each PCCC established in § 69.153 of this Chapter and the portion of that PCCC that is associated with the basket, and summing the results,

w = $R + \Delta Z$, all divided by R,

PCI_t = the new PCI value, and

PCI_{t-1} = the immediately preceding PCI value.

(ii) Adjustments to local exchange carrier PCIs for the interexchange basket described in § 61.42(d)(4), in those carriers' annual access tariff filings, shall be made pursuant to the following formula:

$$PCI_t = PCI_{t-1} [1 + w(GDP-PI - X) + \Delta Z / R + \Delta Y / R]$$

Where

w = $R - (\text{access rate in effect at the time the PCI was updated to } PCI_{t-1}, \text{ multiplied by base period demand}) + \Delta Z$, all divided by R,

X = 3.0 percent,

ΔY = (new access rate - access rate at the time the PCI was updated to PCI_{t-1}) × (base period demand), and all other terms are defined in paragraph (b)(1)(i) of this section.

(2) Adjustments to local exchange carrier PCIs, in tariff filings other than the annual access tariff filing, for the traffic-sensitive basket described in § 61.42(d)(2), the trunking basket described in § 61.42(d)(3), the interexchange basket described in § 61.42(d)(4), and the marketing expense basket described in § 61.42(d)(6), shall be made pursuant to the formulas set forth in paragraph (b)(1) of this section, except that the "w(GDP-PI - X)" component of those PCI formulas shall not be employed.

(c)(1) In the event that a local exchange carrier imposes a per-minute carrier common line charge pursuant to § 69.154 of this chapter, and subject

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to paragraphs (c)(2) and (c)(3) of this section, adjustments to local exchange carrier PCIs in the annual access tariff filing for the common line basket designated in § 61.42(d)(1) shall be made pursuant to the following formula:

$$PCI_t = PCI_{t-1} [1 + w[(GDP-PI - X - (g/2))/(1 + (g/2))] + \Delta Z/R]$$

Where

GDP-PI = the percentage change in the GDP-PI between the quarter ending six months prior to the effective date of the new annual tariff and the corresponding quarter of the previous year,

X = productivity factor of 6.5%,

g = the ratio of minutes of use per access line during the base period, to minutes of use per access line during the previous base period, minus 1,

ΔZ = the dollar effect of current regulatory changes when compared to the regulations in effect at the time the PCI was updated to PCI_{t-1} , measured at base period level of operations,

R = an amount calculated by multiplying base period quantities for each rate element in the basket by the price for that rate element at the time the PCI was updated to PCI_{t-1} , inclusive of the products of base period quantities for each PICC established in § 69.153 of this Chapter and the portion of that PICC that is associated with the common line basket, and summing the results,

w = $R + \Delta Z$, all divided by R,

PCI_t = the new PCI value, and

PCI_{t-1} = the immediately preceding PCI value.

(2) Adjustments to local exchange carrier PCIs, in tariff filings other than the annual access tariff filing, for the common line basket described § 61.42(d)(1), shall be made pursuant to the formulas set forth in paragraph (b)(1) of this section, except that the “w[(GDP-PI-X-(g/2))/(1+(g/2))]” component of that PCI formula shall not be employed. In non-annual price cap filings, g will be equal to 0.

(3) The formula set forth in paragraph (c)(1) of this section shall be used by a local exchange carrier only if that carrier is imposing a carrier common line charge pursuant to § 69.154 of this chapter. Otherwise, adjustments to local exchange carrier PCIs for the common line basket designated in § 61.42(d)(1) shall be made pursuant to the formula set forth in § 61.45(b)(1)(i).

(d) The exogenous cost changes represented by the term “ ΔZ ” in the formula detailed in paragraphs (b) and (c)

of this section shall be limited to those cost changes that the Commission shall permit or require by rule, rule waiver, or declaratory ruling.

(1) Subject to further order of the Commission, those exogenous changes shall include cost changes caused by:

(i) The completion of the amortization of depreciation reserve deficiencies;

(ii) Such changes in the Uniform System of Accounts, including changes in the Uniform System of Accounts requirements made pursuant to § 32.16 of this chapter, as the Commission shall permit or require be treated as exogenous by rule, rule waiver, or declaratory ruling.

(iii) Changes in the Separations Manual;

(iv) Changes to the level of obligation associated with the Universal Service Fund obligation described in part 54 of this chapter;

(v) The reallocation of investment from regulated to nonregulated activities pursuant to § 64.901;

(vi) Such tax law changes and other extraordinary cost changes as the Commission shall permit or require be treated as exogenous by rule, rule waiver, or declaratory ruling.

(vii) Retargeting the PCI to the level specified by the Commission for carriers whose base year earnings are below the level of the lower adjustment mark, subject to the limitation in § 69.731 of this chapter.

(viii) Inside wire amortizations.

(ix) The completion of amortization of equal access expenses.

(2)(i) Local exchange carriers specified in § 61.41 (a)(2) or (a)(3) shall also make such temporary exogenous cost changes as may be necessary to reduce PCIs to give full effect to any sharing of base period earnings required by the sharing mechanism set forth in the Commission’s Second Report and Order in Common carrier Docket No. 87-313, FCC 90-314, adopted September 19, 1990. Such exogenous cost changes shall include interest, computed at the prescribed rate of return, from the day after the end of the period giving rise to the adjustment, to the midpoint of the period when the adjustment is in effect.

(ii) Local exchange carriers specified in §61.41(a)(2) or (a)(3) shall not be subject to the sharing mechanism set forth in the Commission's *Second Report and Order* in Common Carrier Docket No. 87-313, FCC 90-314, adopted September 19, 1990, with respect to earnings accruing on or after July 1, 1997. This paragraph has no effect on any sharing obligation of any local exchange carrier relating to earnings accrued before July 1, 1997.

(3) Local exchange carriers specified in §61.41 (a)(2) or (a)(3) of this part shall, in their annual access tariff filing, recognize all exogenous cost changes attributable to modifications during the coming tariff year in the obligations specified in §61.45(d)(1)(iv) as well as those changes attributable to alterations in their Subscriber Plant Factor and the Dial Equipment Minutes factor, and completions of inside wire amortizations and reserve deficiency amortizations.

(4) Exogenous cost changes shall be apportioned on a cost-causative basis between price cap services as a group, and excluded services as a group. Exogenous cost changes thus attributed to price cap services shall be further apportioned on a cost-causative basis among the price cap baskets.

(e) The " $w[(GDP-PI-X-[g/2))/(1+(g/2))]$ " component of the PCI formula contained in paragraph (c) of this section shall be employed only in the adjustment made in connection with the annual price cap filing.

(f) The exogenous costs caused by new services subject to price cap regulation must be included in the appropriate PCI calculations under paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section beginning at the first annual price cap tariff filing following completion of the base period in which such services are introduced.

(g) In the event that a price cap tariff becomes effective, which tariff results in an API value (calculated pursuant to §61.46) that exceeds the currently applicable PCI value, the PCI value shall be adjusted upward to equal the API value.

(h) [Reserved]

(i)(1)(i) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section, and subject to the limitations

of paragraph (j) of this section, including but not limited to the ΔZ reductions discussed in paragraph (j)(2), any price cap local exchange carrier that is recovering interconnection charge revenues through per-minute rates pursuant to §69.124 or §69.155 of this chapter shall target, to the extent necessary to eliminate the recovery of any residual interconnection charge revenues through per-minute rates, any PCI reductions associated with the common line and traffic sensitive baskets, designated in §§61.42(d)(1) and (2), that result from the application of the formulas in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section.

(ii) As specified in paragraph (j)(2) of this section, any price cap local exchange carrier that is targeting PCI reductions to the residual interconnection charge pursuant to paragraph (i)(1)(i) of this section shall exclude the $\Delta Z/R$ component of the PCI for the trunking basket designated in §61.42(d)(3) from those calculations.

(iii) Any local exchange carrier that is targeting PCI reductions to the residual interconnection charge pursuant to paragraph (i)(1)(i) of this section shall not make any adjustment to its PCIs for the common line and traffic sensitive baskets, designated in §§61.42(d)(1) and (2) respectively, as a result of the application of the formulas in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section, other than the adjustments resulting from calculation of the " $\Delta Z/R$ " component of those formulas.

(iv) The reductions described in paragraph (i)(1)(i) are to be made after the adjustment is made to the PCI for the trunking basket designated in §61.42(d)(3) resulting from the application of the formulas in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section.

(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (b) of this section, and subject to the limitations of paragraph (j) of this section, any price cap local exchange carrier that is recovering interconnection charge revenues through per-minute rates pursuant to §69.155 of this chapter shall target, to the extent necessary to eliminate the recovery of any residual interconnection charge revenues through per-minute rates, any PCI reductions associated with the basket designated in §61.42(d)(6) that

result from the application of the formula in § 61.45(b), but excluding from the calculations the $\Delta Z/R$ component, with no adjustment being made to the PCIs for the basket designated in § 61.42(d)(6). This adjustment, including any adjustment due to the $\Delta Z/R$ component, will be made after any adjustment made pursuant to paragraph (i)(1) of this section.

(3) [Reserved]

(4) Effective January 1, 1998, the reduction in the PCI for the trunking basket designated in § 61.42(d)(3) that results from paragraphs (i)(1) and (i)(2) of this section shall be determined by multiplying the PCI for the trunking basket by one minus the ratio of the sum of the dollar effects of the PCI reductions otherwise applicable to the common line, traffic-sensitive, and marketing expense baskets, to the revenues applicable to the trunking basket.

(j) In determining the extent of the targeting that shall occur pursuant to paragraphs (i)(1) and (i)(1) of this section, local exchange carriers shall

(1) Compute their anticipated residual interconnection charge amount by excluding revenues that are expected to be reallocated to cost-causative facilities-based charges in the future. To determine interconnection charge amounts so excluded in connection with the July 1, 1997 tariff filings, the following local exchange carriers shall use as an estimate of the residual interconnection charge revenues the specified residual interconnection charge percentage: NYNEX, 77.63 percent; BellSouth, 56.93 percent; U S West, 59.14 percent; Bell Atlantic, 63.96 percent; Southwestern Bell Telephone, 69.11 percent; and Pacific Bell and Nevada Bell, 53.52 percent. Each remaining price cap local exchange carrier shall estimate a residual interconnection charge in an amount equal to 55 percent of its current interconnection charge revenues. For subsequent tariff filings in which the PCI reductions are to be targeted to the interconnection charge, these initial estimates shall be adjusted to reflect the actual amounts that have or will be reallocated. If the use of these estimates results in more PCI reductions being targeted to the interconnection charge that required

to eliminate the per-minute interconnection charge, the local exchange carrier shall make the necessary exogenous adjustments to reverse the effects of the access targeting.

(2) Exclude the amount of any exogenous adjustments permitted or required for the common line, traffic sensitive baskets, and marketing baskets, defined in §§ 61.42(d)(1), (d)(2), and (d)(6), from the retargeting adjustment to the PCI for the trunking basket defined in § 61.42(d)(3). Any such exogenous adjustments shall be reflected in the PCIs and SBIs in the same manner as they would have been reflected if there were no targeting.

[55 FR 42383, Oct. 19, 1990; 55 FR 50558, Dec. 7, 1990, as amended at 56 FR 21617, May 10, 1991; 58 FR 36148, July 6, 1993; 60 FR 19527, Apr. 19, 1995; 60 FR 52346, Oct. 6, 1995; 62 FR 31930, 31941, June 11, 1997; 62 FR 40460, July 29, 1997; 64 FR 46589, Aug. 26, 1999; 64 FR 51265, Sept. 22, 1999]

EFFECTIVE DATE NOTE: At 64 FR 51265, Sept. 22, 1999, § 61.45 was amended by revising paragraph (d)(1)(vii), effective Oct. 22, 1999. For the convenience of the user, the superseded text is set forth as follows:

§ 61.45 Adjustments to the PCI for Local Exchange Carriers.

* * * * *

(d) * * *

(1) * * *

(vii) Retargeting the PCI to the level specified by the Commission for carriers whose base year earnings are below the level of the lower adjustment mark.

* * * * *

§ 61.46 Adjustments to the API.

(a) Except as provided in paragraphs (d) and (e) of this section, in connection with any price cap tariff filing proposing rate changes, the carrier must calculate an API for each affected basket pursuant to the following methodology:

$$API_t = API_{t-1} [\sum v_i (P_i/P_{t-1})_i]$$

where

API_t = the proposed API value,

API_{t-1} = the existing API value,

P_i = the proposed price for rate element "i,"

P_{t-1} = the existing price for rate element "i," and

v_i = the current estimated revenue weight for rate element "i," calculated as the ratio of the base period demand for the rate

element “i” priced at the existing rate, to the base period demand for the entire basket of services priced at existing rates.

(b) New services subject to price cap regulation must be included in the appropriate API calculations under paragraph (a) of this section beginning at the first annual price cap tariff filing following completion of the base period in which they are introduced. This index adjustment requires that the demand for the new service during the base period must be included in determining the weights used in calculating the API.

(c) Any price cap tariff filing proposing rate restructuring shall require an adjustment to the API pursuant to the general methodology described in paragraph (a) of this section. This adjustment requires the conversion of existing rates into rates of equivalent value under the proposed structure, and then the comparison of the existing rates that have been converted to reflect restructuring to the proposed restructured rates. This calculation may require use of carrier data and estimation techniques to assign customers of the preexisting service to those services (including the new restructured service) that will remain or become available after restructuring.

(d)(1) Subject to paragraph (d)(2) of this section, and in connection with any price cap tariff proposing changes to rates for services in the basket designated in §61.42(d)(1), the maximum allowable carrier common line (CCL) charges shall be computed pursuant to the following methodology:

$$CCL_{MOU} = CL_{MOU} * (1 + \% \text{ change in CL PCI}) - (EUCL_{MOU} + PICC_{MOU}) * 1/(1 + (g/2))$$

Where:

CL_{MOU} = the sum of each of the proposed Carrier Common Line rates multiplied by its corresponding base period Carrier Common Line minutes of use, divided by the sum of all types of base period Carrier Common Line minutes of use,

CL_{MOU} = the sum of each of the existing maximum allowable Carrier Common Line rates multiplied by its corresponding base period Carrier Common Line minutes of use, plus each existing maximum allowable End User Common Line (EUCL) rate multiplied by its corresponding base period lines, plus the common line portion of each existing

maximum allowable Presubscribed Interexchange Carrier Charge (PICC) multiplied by its corresponding base period lines, divided by the sum of all types of base period Carrier Common Line minutes of use,

$EUCL_{MOU}$ = maximum allowable End User Common Line rates multiplied by base period lines, and divided by the sum of all types of base period Carrier Common Line minutes of use,

$PICC_{MOU}$ = the common line portion of maximum allowable Presubscribed Interexchange Carrier charge rates multiplied by base period lines, and divided by the sum of all types of base period Carrier Common Line minutes of use, and

g = the ratio of minutes of use per access line during the base period to minutes of use per access line during the previous base period, minus 1.

(2) The formula set forth in paragraph (d)(1) of this section shall be used by a local exchange carrier subject to price cap regulation only if that carrier is imposing a per-minute carrier common line charge pursuant to §69.154 of this chapter. Otherwise, adjustments to local exchange carrier APIs for the basket designated in §61.42(d)(1) shall be made pursuant to the formula set forth in paragraph (a) of this section.

(e)(1) In addition, for the purposes of paragraph (d) of this section, “Existing Carrier Common Line Rates” shall include existing originating premium, originating non-premium, terminating premium and terminating non-premium rates; and “End User Common Line Rates” used to calculate the CL_{MOU} and the $EUCL_{MOU}$ factors shall include, but not be limited to, Residential and Single Line Business rates, Centrex rates, and the Special Access surcharge.

(2) For purposes of paragraph (d) of this section, “each existing Presubscribed Interexchange Carrier Charge” shall include all the charges specified in §69.153 of this chapter.

(f) The “ $1/(1 + (g/2))$ ” component of the CCL_{MOU} formula contained in paragraph (d) shall be employed only in the adjustment made in connection with the annual price cap filing.

(g) The calculation of the API for the basket designated in §61.42(d)(3) shall include any residual interconnection charge revenues recovered pursuant to §§69.153 and 69.155 of this chapter.

(h) The calculation of the API for the basket designated in § 61.42(d)(6) shall include any marketing expense revenues recovered pursuant to §§ 69.153 and 69.156 of this chapter.

(i) In no case shall a price cap local exchange carrier include data associated with services offered pursuant to contract tariff in the calculations required by this section.

[54 FR 19843, May 8, 1989, as amended at 55 FR 42383, Oct. 19, 1990; 55 FR 50558, Dec. 7, 1990; 62 FR 31931, June 11, 1997; 64 FR 51265, Sept. 22, 1999]

EFFECTIVE DATE NOTE: At 64 FR 51265, Sept. 22, 1999, § 61.46 was amended by adding paragraph (i), effective Oct. 22, 1999.

§ 61.47 Adjustments to the SBI; pricing bands.

(a) In connection with any price cap tariff filing proposing changes in the rates of services in service categories, subcategories, or density zones, the carrier must calculate an SBI value for each affected service category, subcategory, or density zone pursuant to the following methodology:

$$SBI_t = SBI_{t-1} [\sum v_i (P_t/P_{t-1})_i]$$

where

SBI_t = the proposed SBI value,

SBI_{t-1} = the existing SBI value,

P_t = the proposed price for rate element "i,"

P_{t-1} = the existing price for rate element "i,"

and

v_i = the current estimated revenue weight for rate element "i," calculated as the ratio of the base period demand for the rate element "i" priced at the existing rate, to the base period demand for the entire group of rate elements comprising the service category priced at existing rates.

(b) New services that are added to existing service categories or subcategories must be included in the appropriate SBI calculations under paragraph (a) of this section beginning at the first annual price cap tariff filing following completion of the base period in which they are introduced. This index adjustment requires that the demand for the new service during the base period must be included in determining the weights used in calculating the SBI.

(c) In the event that the introduction of a new service requires the creation of a new service category or subcategory, a new SBI must be estab-

lished for that service category or subcategory beginning at the first annual price cap tariff filing following completion of the base period in which the new service is introduced. The new SBI should be initialized at a value of 100, corresponding to the service category or subcategory rates in effect the last day of the base period, and thereafter should be adjusted as provided in paragraph (a) of this section.

(d) Any price cap tariff filing proposing rate restructuring shall require an adjustment to the affected SBI pursuant to the general methodology described in paragraph (a) of this section. This adjustment requires the conversion of existing rates in the rate element group into rates of equivalent value under the proposed structure, and then the comparison of the existing rates that have been converted to reflect restructuring to the proposed restructured rates. This calculation may require use of carrier data and estimation techniques to assign customers of the preexisting service to those services (including the new restructured service) that will remain or become available after restructuring.

(e) Pricing bands shall be established each tariff year for each service category and subcategory within a basket. Each band shall limit the pricing flexibility of the service category, subcategory, as reflected in the SBI, to an annual increase of a specified percent listed in this paragraph, relative to the percentage change in the PCI for that basket, measured from the levels in effect on the last day of the preceding tariff year. For local exchange carriers subject to price cap regulation as that term is defined in § 61.3(x), there shall be no lower pricing band for any service category or subcategory.

(1) *Five percent:*

(i) Local switching (traffic sensitive basket)

(ii) Information (traffic sensitive basket)

(iii) Database Access services (traffic sensitive basket)

(iv) 800 Database Vertical Services subservice (traffic sensitive basket)

(v) Billing Name and Address (traffic sensitive basket)

(vi) Local switching trunk ports (traffic sensitive basket)

- (vii) Signalling Transfer Point Port Termination (traffic sensitive basket)
- (viii) Voice grade (trunking basket)
- (ix) Audio/Video (trunking basket)
- (x) Total High Capacity (trunking basket)
- (xi) DS1 subservice (trunking basket)
- (xii) DS3 subservice (trunking basket)
- (xiii) Wideband (trunking basket)

(2) *Two percent:*

- (i) Tandem-Switched Transport (Trunking basket)
- (ii) Signalling for Tandem Switching (Trunking basket)

(3) *Zero percent:* Interconnection charge (Trunking basket)

(f) A local exchange carrier subject to price cap regulation may establish density zones pursuant to the requirements set forth in §69.123 of this chapter, for any service in the trunking basket, other than the interconnection charge set forth in §69.124 of this chapter. The pricing flexibility of each zone shall be limited to an annual increase of 15 percent, relative to the percentage change in the PCI for that basket, measured from the levels in effect on the last day of the preceding tariff year. There shall be no lower pricing band for any density zone.

(g)-(h) [Reserved]

(i)(1) Through December 31, 1997, notwithstanding the requirements of paragraph (a) of this section, and subject to the limitations of §61.45(j), if a local exchange carrier is recovering interconnection charge revenues through per-minute rates pursuant to §69.124 or §69.155 of this chapter, any reductions to the PCI for the basket designated in §61.42(d)(3) resulting from the application of the provisions of §61.45 (b) and the formula in §61.44(b) and from application of the provisions of §61.45(i)(1) shall be directed to the SBI of the service category designated in §61.42(e)(2)(vi).

(2) Effective January 1, 1998, notwithstanding the requirements of paragraph (a) of this section and subject to the limitations of §61.45(j), if a local exchange carrier is recovering interconnection charge revenues through per-minute rates pursuant to §69.155 of this chapter, any reductions to the PCI for the basket designated in §61.42(d)(3) resulting from the application of the

provisions of §61.45(b) and the formula in §61.44(b) and from the application of the provisions of §61.45 (i)(1), and (i)(2) shall be directed to the SBI of the service category designated in §61.42(e)(2)(vi).

(3) Through December 31, 1997, the SBI reduction required by paragraph (i)(1) of this section shall be determined by dividing the sum of the dollar amount of any PCI reduction required by §61.45(i)(1) by the dollar amount associated with the SBI for the service category designated in §61.42(e)(2)(vi), and multiplying the SBI for the service category designated in §61.42(e)(2)(vi) by one minus the resulting ratio.

(4) Effective January 1, 1998, the SBI reduction required by paragraph (i)(2) of this section shall be determined by dividing the sum of the dollar amount of any PCI reduction required by §61.45 (i)(1) and (i)(2) by the dollar amount associated with the SBI for the service category designated in §61.42(e)(2)(vi), and multiplying the SBI for the service category designated in §61.42(e)(2)(vi) by one minus the resulting ratio.

(j) The calculation of the SBI for the service category designated in §61.42(e)(2)(vi) shall include any residual interconnection charge revenues recovered pursuant to §§69.153 and 69.155 of this chapter.

(k) In no case shall a price cap local exchange carrier include data associated with services offered pursuant to contract tariff in the calculations required by this section.

[54 FR 19843, May 8, 1989, as amended at 55 FR 42384, Oct. 19, 1990; 56 FR 55239, Oct. 25, 1991; 57 FR 54331, Nov. 18, 1992; 58 FR 7868, Feb. 10, 1993; 58 FR 48762, Sept. 17, 1993; 59 FR 10302, Mar. 4, 1994; 59 FR 32930, June 27, 1994; 60 FR 19528, Apr. 19, 1995; 60 FR 52346, Oct. 6, 1995; 62 FR 4659, Jan. 31, 1997; 62 FR 31932, June 11, 1997; 62 FR 40460, July 29, 1997; 64 FR 46590, Aug. 26, 1999; 64 FR 51265, Sept. 22, 1999]

EFFECTIVE DATE NOTE: At 64 FR 51265, Sept. 22, 1999, §61.47 was amended by revising paragraphs (a) introductory text, (e) introductory text, and (e)(1) and by adding paragraphs (f) and (k). These paragraphs contain information collection and recordkeeping requirements and will not become effective until approval has been given by the Office of Management and Budget.

§ 61.48 Transition rules for price cap formula calculations.

(a)–(h) [Reserved]

(i) *Transport and Special Access Density Pricing Zone Transition Rules*—(1) *Definitions.* The following definitions apply for purposes of paragraph (i) of this section:

Earlier date is the earlier of the special access zone date and the transport zone date.

Earlier service is special access if the special access zone date precedes the transport zone date, and is transport if the transport zone date precedes the special access zone date.

Later date is the later of the special access zone date and the transport zone date.

Later service is transport if the special access zone date precedes the transport zone date, and is special access if the transport zone date precedes the special access zone date.

Revenue weight of a given group of services included in a zone category is the ratio of base period demand for the given service rate elements included in the category priced at existing rates, to the base period demand for the entire group of rate elements comprising the category priced at existing rates.

Special access zone date is the date on which a local exchange carrier tariff establishing divergent special access rates in different zones, as described in § 69.123(c) of this chapter, becomes effective.

Transport zone date is the date on which a local exchange carrier tariff establishing divergent switched transport rates in different zones, as described in § 69.123(d) of this chapter, becomes effective.

(2) *Simultaneous Introduction of Special Access and Transport Zones.* Local exchange carriers subject to price cap regulation that have established density pricing zones pursuant to § 69.123 of this chapter, and whose special access zone date and transport zone date occur on the same date, shall initially establish density pricing zone SBIs and bands pursuant to the methodology in § 61.47(h).

(3) *Sequential Introduction of Zones in the Same Tariff Year.* Notwithstanding § 61.47(h), local exchange carriers subject to price cap regulation that have

established density pricing zones pursuant to § 69.123 of this chapter, and whose special access zone date and transport zone date occur on different dates during the same tariff year, shall, on the earlier date, establish density pricing zone SBIs and pricing bands using the methodology described in § 61.47(h), but applicable to the earlier service only. On the later date, such carriers shall recalculate the SBIs and pricing bands to limit the pricing flexibility of the services included in each density pricing zone category, as reflected in its SBI, as follows:

(i) The upper pricing band shall be a weighted average of the following:

(A) The upper pricing band that applied to the earlier services included in the zone category on the day preceding the later date, weighted by the revenue weight of the earlier services included in the zone category; and

(B) 1.05 times the SBI value for the services included in the zone category on the day preceding the later date, weighted by the revenue weight of the later services included in the zone category.

(ii) [Reserved]

(iii) On the later date, the SBI value for the zone category shall be equal to the SBI value for the category on the day preceding the later date.

(4) *Introduction of Zones in Different Tariff Years.* Notwithstanding § 61.47(h), those local exchange carriers subject to price cap regulation that have established density pricing zones pursuant to § 69.123 of this chapter, and whose special access zone date and transport zone date do not occur within the same tariff year, shall, on the earlier date, establish density pricing zone SBIs and pricing bands using the methodology described in § 61.47(h), but applicable to the earlier service only.

(i) On the later date, such carriers shall use the methodology set forth in paragraphs (a) through (d) of § 61.47 to calculate separate SBIs in each zone for each of the following groups of services:

(A) DS1 special access services;

(B) DS3 special access services;

(C) DS1 entrance facilities, DS1 direct-trunked transport, and DS1 dedicated signalling transport;

(D) DS3 entrance facilities, DS3 direct-trunked transport, and DS3 dedicated signalling transport;

(E) Voice grade entrance facilities, voice grade direct-trunked transport, and voice grade dedicated signalling transport;

(F) Tandem-switched transport; and

(G) Such other special access services as the Commission may designate by order.

(ii) From the later date through the end of the following tariff year, the annual pricing flexibility for each of the subindexes specified in paragraph (i)(4)(i) of this section shall be limited to an annual increase of five percent or an annual decrease of fifteen percent, relative to the percentage change in the PCI for the trunking basket, measured from the levels in effect on the last day of the tariff year preceding the tariff year in which the later date occurs.

(iii) On the first day of the second tariff year following the tariff year during which the later date occurs, the local exchange carriers to which this paragraph applies shall establish the separate subindexes provided in §61.47(h)(1), and shall set the initial SBIs for those density pricing zone categories that are combined (specified in paragraphs (i)(4)(i)(A) and (i)(4)(i)(C), (i)(4)(i)(B) and (i)(4)(i)(D), and (i)(4)(i)(E) and (i)(4)(i)(G) of this section) by computing the weighted averages of the SBIs that applied to the formerly separate zone categories, weighted by the revenue weights of the respective services included in the zone categories.

(j) *Video Dialtone Services.* For local exchange carriers subject to price cap regulation, the video dialtone services basket, as designated in §61.42(d)(5), shall be established with an initial PCI and API level of 100 in the first annual price cap tariff filing following competition of the base period in which the initial video dialtone service was introduced. The initial value of 100 for the PCI and API for video dialtone service prior to adjustment of inflation and productivity shall correspond to the rates in effect just prior to the effective date of the annual filing in which rates for video dialtone service are ini-

tially included in the video dialtone basket.

(k) *Marketing expenses.* In the January 1, 1998 price cap tariff filing, local exchange carriers shall establish the marketing expense basket designated in §61.42(d)(6) with an initial PCI and API level of 100. The initial value of 100 for the PCI and API for marketing expenses shall correspond to the marketing expenses described in §69.156(a) of this chapter.

[54 FR 19843, May 8, 1989, as amended at 55 FR 42384, Oct. 19, 1990; 56 FR 21617, May 10, 1991; 56 FR 55239, Oct. 25, 1991; 59 FR 10302, Mar. 4, 1994; 60 FR 19528, Apr. 19, 1995; 60 FR 52346, Oct. 6, 1995; 62 FR 31932, June 11, 1997; 64 FR 46590, Aug. 26, 1999]

§61.49 Supporting information to be submitted with letters of transmittal for tariffs of carriers subject to price cap regulation.

(a) Each price cap tariff filing must be accompanied by supporting materials sufficient to calculate required adjustments to each PCI, API, and SBI pursuant to the methodologies provided in §§61.45, 61.46, and 61.47, as applicable.

(b) Each price cap tariff filing that proposes rates that are within applicable bands established pursuant to §61.47, and that results in an API value that is equal to or less than the applicable PCI value, must be accompanied by supporting materials sufficient to establish compliance with the applicable bands, and to calculate the necessary adjustment to the affected APIs and SBIs pursuant to §§61.46 and 61.47, respectively.

(c) Each price cap tariff filing that proposes rates above the applicable band limits established in §§61.47 (e) must be accompanied by supporting materials establishing substantial cause for the proposed rates.

(d) Each price cap tariff filing that proposes rates that will result in an API value that exceeds the applicable PCI value must be accompanied by:

(1) An explanation of the manner in which all costs have been allocated among baskets; and

(2) Within the affected basket, a cost assignment slowing down to the lowest

possible level of disaggregation, including a detailed explanation of the reasons for the prices of all rate elements to which costs are not assigned.

(e) Each price cap tariff filing that proposes restructuring of existing rates must be accompanied by supporting materials sufficient to make the adjustments to each affected API and SBI required by §§61.46(c) and 61.47(d), respectively.

(f)(1) [Reserved]

(2) Each tariff filing submitted by a price cap LEC that introduces a new loop-based service, as defined in §61.3(pp) of this part—including a restructured unbundled basic service element (BSE), as defined in §69.2(mm) of this chapter, that constitutes a new loop-based service—that is or will later be included in a basket, must be accompanied by cost data sufficient to establish that the new loop-based service or unbundled BSE will not recover more than a just and reasonable portion of the carrier's overhead costs.

(3) A price cap LEC may submit without cost data any tariff filings that introduce new services, other than loop-based services.

(4) A price cap LEC that has removed its corridor or interstate intraLATA toll services from its interexchange basket pursuant to §61.42(d)(4)(ii), may submit its tariff filings for corridor or interstate intraLATA toll services without cost data.

(g) Each tariff filing submitted by a local exchange carrier subject to price cap regulation that introduces a new loop-based service or a restructured unbundled basic service element (BSE), as defined in §69.2(mm) of this chapter, that is or will later be included in a basket, or that introduces or changes the rates for connection charge subelements for expanded interconnection, as defined in §69.121 of this chapter, must also be accompanied by:

(1) The following, including complete explanations of the bases for the estimates.

(i) A study containing a projection of costs for a representative 12 month period; and

(ii) Estimates of the effect of the new tariff on the traffic and revenues from the service to which the new tariff applies, the carrier's other service classi-

fications, and the carrier's overall traffic and revenues. These estimates must include the projected effects on the traffic and revenues for the same representative 12 month period used in paragraph (g)(1)(i) of this section.

(2) *Working papers and statistical data.*

(i) Concurrently with the filing of any tariff change or tariff filing for a service not previously offered, the Chief, Tariff and Pricing Analysis Branch must be provided two sets of working papers containing the information underlying the data supplied in response to paragraph (h)(1) of this section, and a clear explanation of how the working papers relate to that information.

(ii) All statistical studies must be submitted and supported in the form prescribed in §1.363 of the Commission's rules.

(h) Each tariff filing submitted by a local exchange carrier subject to price cap regulation that introduces or changes the rates for connection charge subelements for expanded interconnection, as defined in §69.121 of this chapter, must be accompanied by cost data sufficient to establish that such charges will not recover more than a just and reasonable portion of the carrier's overhead costs.

(i) [Reserved]

(j) For a tariff that introduces a system of density pricing zones, as described in §69.123 of this chapter, the carrier must, before filing its tariff, submit a density pricing zone plan including, *inter alia*, documentation sufficient to establish that the system of zones reasonably reflects cost-related characteristics, such as the density of total interstate traffic in central offices located in the respective zones, and receive approval of its proposed plan.

(k) In accordance with §§61.41 through 61.49, local exchange carriers subject to price cap regulation that elect to file their annual access tariff pursuant to section 204(a)(3) of the Communications Act shall submit supporting material for their interstate annual access tariffs, absent rate information, 90 days prior to July 1 of each year.

(l) On each page of cost support material submitted pursuant to this section, the carrier shall indicate the

transmittal number under which that page was submitted.

[54 FR 19843, May 8, 1989, as amended at 55 FR 42384, Oct. 19, 1990; 56 FR 5956, Feb. 14, 1991; 56 FR 21617, May 10, 1991; 56 FR 33880, July 24, 1991; 57 FR 37730, Aug. 20, 1992; 57 FR 54331, Nov. 18, 1992; 58 FR 17167, Apr. 1, 1993; 58 FR 38536, July 19, 1993; 58 FR 48762, Sept. 17, 1993; 59 FR 10304, Mar. 4, 1994; 62 FR 4659, Jan. 31, 1997; 62 FR 5778, Feb. 7, 1997; 62 FR 42218, Aug. 6, 1997; 64 FR 46590, 46593, Aug. 26, 1999; 64 FR 51266, Sept. 22, 1999]

EFFECTIVE DATE NOTE: At 64 FR 51266, Sept. 22, 1999, § 61.49 was amended by revising paragraphs (f)(2) and (g) introductory text and adding paragraphs (f)(3) and (f)(4), effective Oct. 22, 1999. For the convenience of the user, the superseded text is set forth as follows:

§ 61.49 Supporting information to be submitted with letters of transmittal for tariffs of carriers subject to price cap regulation.

* * * * *

(f) * * *

(2) Each tariff filing submitted by a local exchange carrier specified in § 61.41(a) (2) or (3) of this part that introduces a new service or a restructured unbundled basic service element (BSE) (as BSE is defined in § 69.2 (mm)) that is or will later be included in a basket must be accompanied by cost data sufficient to establish that the new service or unbundled BSE will not recover more than a reasonable portion of the carrier's overhead costs.

(g) Each tariff filing by a local exchange carrier subject to price cap regulation that introduces a new service or a restructured unbundled basis service element (BSE), as defined in § 69.2(mm) of this chapter, that is or will later be included in a basket, or that introduces or changes the rates for connection charge subelements for expanded interconnection, as defined in § 69.121 of this chapter, must also be accompanied by:

* * * * *

§§ 61.50-61.51 [Reserved]

§ 61.52 Form, size, type, legibility, etc.

(a) All tariff publications must be in loose-leaf form of size A4 (21 cm x 29.7 cm) or 8.5 x 11 inches (21.6 cm x 27.9 cm), and must be plainly printed in black print on white paper of durable quality. Less than 6-point type may not be used. Erasures or alterations in writing must not be made in any tariff publication filed with the Commission

or in those copies posted for public convenience. A margin of no less than 2.5 cm (1 inch) in width must be allowed at the left edge of every tariff publication.

(b) Pages of tariffs must be printed on one side only, and must be numbered consecutively and designated as "Original title page," "Original page 1," "Original page 2," etc.

(1) All such pages must show, in the upper left-hand corner the name of the issuing carrier; in the upper right-hand corner the FCC number of the tariff, with the page designation directly below; in the lower left-hand corner the issued date; in the lower right-hand corner the effective date; and at the bottom, center, the street address of the issuing officer. The carrier must also specify the issuing officer's title either at the bottom center of all tariff pages, or on the title page and check sheet only.

(2) As an alternative, the issuing carrier may show in the upper left-hand corner the name of the issuing carrier, the title and street address of the issuing officer, and the issued date; and in the upper right-hand corner the FCC number of the tariff, with the page designation directly below, and the effective date. The carrier must specify the issuing officer's title in the upper left-hand corner of either all tariff pages, or on the title page and check sheet only. A carrier electing to place the information at the top of the page should annotate the bottom of each page to indicate the end of the material, e.g., a line, or the term "Printed in USA," or "End".

(3) Only one format may be employed in a tariff publication.

(c) Incumbent local exchange carriers shall file all tariff publications and associated documents, such as transmittal letters, requests for special permission, and supporting information, electronically in accordance with the requirements set forth in § 61.13 through § 61.17.

[49 FR 40869, Oct. 18, 1984, as amended at 58 FR 44906, Aug. 25, 1993; 62 FR 5778, Feb. 7, 1997; 63 FR 35541, June 30, 1998]

§ 61.54 Composition of tariffs.

(a) Tariffs must contain in consecutive order: A title page; check sheet;

table of contents; list of concurring, connecting, and other participating carriers; explanation of symbols and abbreviations; application of tariff; general rules (including definitions), regulations, exceptions and conditions; and rates. If the issuing carrier elects to add a section assisting in the use of the tariff, it should be placed immediately after the table of contents.

(b) The title page of every tariff and supplement must show:

(1) *FCC number, indication of cancellations.* In the upper right-hand corner, the designation of the tariff or supplement as "FCC No. ———," or "Supplement No. ——— to FCC No. ———," and immediately below, the FCC number or numbers of tariffs or supplements cancelled thereby.

(2) *Name of carrier, class of service, geographical application, means of transmission.* The exact name of the carrier, and such other information as may be necessary to identify the carrier issuing the tariff publication; a brief statement showing each class of service provided; the geographical application; and the type of facilities used to provide service.

(3) *Expiration date.* Subject to § 61.59, when the entire tariff or supplement is to expire with a fixed date, the expiration date must be shown in connection with the effective date in the following manner. Changes in expiration date must be made pursuant to the notice requirements of § 61.58, unless otherwise authorized by the Commission.

Expires at the end of _____ (date) unless sooner canceled, changed, or extended.

(4) *Title and address of issuing officer.* The title and street address of the officer issuing the tariff or supplement in the format specified in § 61.52.

(5) *Revised title page.* When a revised title page is issued, the following notation must be shown in connection with its effective date:

Original tariff effective _____
(here show the effective date of the original tariff).

(c)(1)(i) The page immediately following the title page must be designated as "Original page 1" and captioned "Check Sheet." When the original tariff is filed, the check sheet must show the number of pages contained in

the tariff. For example, "Page 1 to 150, inclusive, of this tariff are effective as of the date shown." When new pages are added, they must be numbered in continuing sequence, and designated as "Original page ——— ." For example, when the original tariff filed has 150 pages, the first page added after page 150 is to be designated as "Original page 151," and the foregoing notation must be revised to include the added pages.

(ii) Alternatively, the carrier is permitted to number its tariff pages, other than the check sheet, to reflect the section number of the tariff as well as the page. For example, under this system, pages in section 1 of the tariff would be numbered 1-1, 1-2, etc., and pages in section 2 of the tariff would be numbered 2-1, 2-2, etc. Issuing carriers shall utilize only one page numbering system throughout its tariff.

(2) If pages are to be inserted between numbered pages, each such page must be designated as an original page and must bear the number of the immediately preceding page followed by an alpha or numeric suffix. For example, when two new pages are to be inserted between pages 44 and 45 of the tariff, the first inserted page must be designated as Original page 44A or 44.1 and the second inserted page as Original page 44B or 44.2. Issuing carriers may not utilize both the alpha and numeric systems in the same publication.

(3)(i) When pages are revised, when new pages (including pages with letter or numeric suffix as set forth above) are added to the tariff, or when supplements are issued, the check sheet must be revised accordingly. Revised check sheets must indicate with an asterisk the specific pages added or revised. In addition to the notation in (1), the check sheet must list, under the heading "The original and revised pages named below (and Supplement No. ———) contain all changes from the original tariff that are in effect on the date shown," all original pages in numerical order that have been added to the tariff and the pages which have been revised, including the revision number. For example:

Page	Number of revision except as indicated
Title	1st
1	*8th
3	5th
5A	*Orig.
10	*8th
151	Orig.

*New or Revised page.

(ii) On each page, the carrier shall indicate the transmittal number under which that page was submitted.

(4) Changes in, and additions to tariffs must be made by reprinting the page upon which a change or addition is made. Such changed page is to be designated as a revised page, cancelling the page which it amends. For example, "First revised page 1 cancels original page 1," or "Second revised page 2 cancels first revised page 2," etc. When a revised page omits rates or regulations previously published on the page which it cancels, but such rates or regulations are published on another page, the revised page must make specific reference to the page on which the rates or regulations will be found. This reference must be accomplished by inserting a sentence at the bottom of the revised page that states "Certain rates (or regulations) previously found on this page can now be found on page ———." In addition, the page on which the omitted material now appears must bear the appropriate symbol opposite such material, and make specific reference to the page from which the rates or regulations were transferred. This reference must be accomplished by inserting a sentence at the bottom of the other page that states "Certain rates (or regulations) on this page formerly appeared on page ———."

(5) Rejected pages must be treated as indicated in § 61.69.

(d) *Table of contents.* The table of contents must contain a full and complete statement showing the exact location and specifying the page or section and page numbers, where information by subjects under general headings will be found. If a tariff contains so small a volume of matter that its title page or its interior arrangement plainly discloses its contents, the table of contents may be omitted.

(e) *Tariff User's guide.* At its option, a carrier may include a section explaining how to use the tariff.

(f) *List of concurring carriers.* This list must contain the exact name or names of carriers concurring in the tariff, alphabetically arranged, and the name of the city or town in which the principal office of every such carrier is located. If there are no concurring carriers, then the statement "no concurring carriers" must be made at the place where the names of the concurring carriers would otherwise appear. If the concurring carriers are numerous, their names may be stated in alphabetical order in a separate tariff filed with the Commission by the issuing carrier. Specific reference to such separate tariff by FCC number must be made in the tariff at the place where such names would otherwise appear.

(g) *List of connecting carriers.* This list must contain the exact name or names of connecting carriers, alphabetically arranged, for which rates or regulations are published in the tariff, and the name of the city or town in which the principal office of every such carrier is located. If there are no connecting carriers, then the statement "no connecting carriers" must be made at the place where their names would otherwise appear. If connecting carriers are numerous, their names may be stated in alphabetical order in a separate tariff filed with the Commission by the issuing carrier. Specific reference to such separate tariff by FCC number must be made in the tariff at the place where such names would otherwise appear.

(h) *List of other participating carriers.* This list must contain the exact name of every other carrier subject to the Act engaging or participating in the communication service to which the tariff or supplement applies, together with the name of the city or town in which the principal office of such carrier is located. If there is no such other carrier, then the statement "no participating carriers" must be made at the place where the names of such other carriers would otherwise appear. If such other carriers are numerous, their names may be stated in alphabetical order in a separate tariff filed with the Commission by the issuing carrier.

Specific reference must be made in the tariff at the place where such names would otherwise appear. The names of concurring and connecting carriers properly listed in a tariff published by any other participating carrier need not be repeated in this list.

(i)(1) *Symbols, reference marks, abbreviations.* The tariff must contain an explanation of symbols, reference marks, and abbreviations of technical terms used. The following symbols used in tariffs are reserved for the purposes indicated below:

- R to signify reduction.
- I to signify increase.
- C to signify changed regulation.
- T to signify a change in text but no change in rate or regulation.
- S to signify reissued matter.
- M to signify matter relocated without change.
- N to signify new rate or regulation.
- D to signify discontinued rate or regulation.
- Z to signify a correction.

(2) The uniform symbols must be used as follows.

(i) When a change of the same character is made in all or in substantially all matter in a tariff, it may be indicated at the top of the title page of the tariff or at the top of each affected page, in the following manner: "All rates in this tariff are increases," or, "All rates on this page are reductions, except as otherwise indicated."

(ii) When a change of the same character is made in all or substantially all matters on a page or supplement, it may be indicated at the top of the page or supplement in the following manner: All rates on this page (or supplement) are increases," or, "All rates on this page (or supplement) are reductions except as otherwise indicated."

(3) Items which have not been in effect 30 days when brought forward on revised pages must be shown as reissued, in the manner prescribed in § 61.54(i)(1). The number and original effective date of the tariff publication in which the matter was originally published must be associated with the reissued matter. Items which have been in effect 30 days or more and are brought forward without change on revised pages must not be shown as reissued items.

(j) *Rates and general rules, regulations, exceptions and conditions.* The general rules (including definitions), regulations, exceptions, and conditions which govern the tariff must be stated clearly and definitely. All general rules, regulations, exceptions or conditions which in any way affect the rates named in the tariff must be specified. A special rule, regulation, exception or condition affecting a particular item or rate must be specifically referred to in connection with such item or rate. Rates must be expressed in United States currency, per chargeable unit of service for all communication services, together with a list of all points of service to and from which the rates apply. They must be arranged in a simple and systematic manner. Complicated or ambiguous terminology may not be used, and no rate, rule, regulation, exception or condition shall be included which in any way attempts to substitute a rate, rule, regulation, exception or condition named in any other tariff.

[49 FR 40869, Oct. 18, 1984, as amended at 64 FR 46591, Aug. 26, 1999]

§ 61.55 Contract-based tariffs.

(a) This section shall apply to price cap LECs permitted to offer contract-based tariffs under § 69.727(a) of this chapter.

(b) Composition of contract-based tariffs shall comply with §§ 61.54(b) through (i).

(c) Contract-based tariffs shall include the following:

(1) The term of contract, including any renewal options;

(2) A brief description of each of the services provided under the contract;

(3) Minimum volume commitments for each service;

(4) The contract price for each service or services at the volume levels committed to by the customers;

(5) A general description of any volume discounts built into the contract rate structure; and

(6) A general description of other classifications, practices, and regulations affecting the contract rate.

[64 FR 51266, Sept. 22, 1999]

EFFECTIVE DATE NOTE: At 64 FR 51266, Sept. 22, 1999, §61.55 was added, effective Oct. 22, 1999.

§61.58 Notice requirements.

(a) Every proposed tariff filing must bear an effective date and, except as otherwise provided by regulation, special permission, or Commission order, must be made on at least the number of days notice specified in this section.

(1) Notice is accomplished by filing the proposed tariff changes with the Commission. Any period of notice specified in this section begins on and includes the date the tariff is received by the Commission, but does not include the effective date. If a tariff filing proposes changes governed by more than one of the notice periods listed below, the longest notice period will apply. In computing the notice period required, all days including Sundays and holidays must be counted.

(2)(i) Local exchange carriers may file tariffs pursuant to the streamlined tariff filing provisions of section 204(a)(3) of the Communications Act. Such a tariff may be filed on 7 days' notice if it proposes only rate decreases. Any other tariff filed pursuant to section 204(a)(3) of the Communications Act, including those that propose a rate increase or any change in terms and conditions, shall be filed on 15 days' notice. Any tariff filing made pursuant to section 204(a)(3) of the Communications Act must comply with the applicable cost support requirements specified in this part.

(ii) Local exchange carriers may elect not to file tariffs pursuant to section 204(a)(3) of the Communications Act. Any such tariffs shall be filed on at least 16 days' notice.

(iii) Except for tariffs filed pursuant to section 204(a)(3) of the Communications Act, the Chief, Common Carrier Bureau, may require the deferral of the effective date of any filing made on less than 120 days' notice, so as to provide for a maximum of 120 days' notice, or of such other maximum period of notice permitted by section 203(b) of the Communications Act, regardless of whether petitions under §1.773 of this chapter have been filed.

(3) Tariff filings proposing corrections or voluntarily deferring the effective

date of a pending tariff revision must be made on at least 3 days' notice, and may be filed notwithstanding the provisions of §61.59. Corrections to tariff materials not yet effective cannot take effect before the effective date of the original material. Deferrals must take effect on or before the current effective date of the pending tariff revisions being deferred.

(4) This subsection applies only to dominant carriers. If the tariff publication would increase any rate or charge, or would effectuate and authorized discountinuation, reduction or other impairment of service to any customer, the offering carrier must inform the affected customers of the content of the tariff publication. Such notification should be made in a form appropriate to the circumstance, and may include written notification, personal contact, or advertising in newspapers of general circulation.

(b) Tariffs for new services filed by price cap local exchange carriers shall be filed on at least one day's notice.

(c) Contract-based tariffs filed by price cap local exchange carriers pursuant to §69.727(a) of this chapter shall be filed on at least one day's notice.

(d)(1) A local exchange carrier that is filing a tariff revision to remove its corridor or interstate intraLATA toll services from its interexchange basket pursuant to §61.42(d)(4)(ii) shall submit such filing on at least fifteen days' notice.

(2) A local exchange carrier that has removed its corridor and interstate intraLATA toll services from its interexchange basket pursuant to §61.42(d)(4)(ii) shall file subsequent tariff filings for corridor or interstate intraLATA toll services on at least one day's notice.

(e) *Non-price cap carriers and/or services.* (1) Tariff filings in the instances specified in paragraphs (d)(1) (i), (ii), and (iii) of this section must be made on at least 15 days' notice.

(i) Tariffs filed in the first instance by new carriers.

(ii) Tariffs filings involving new rates and regulations not previously filed at, from, to or via points on new lines; at, from to or via new radio facilities; or for new points of radio communication.

§ 61.59

(iii) Tariff filings involving a change in the name of a carrier, a change in Vertical or Horizontal coordinates (or other means used to determine airline mileages), a change in the lists of mileages, a change in the lists of connecting, concurring or other participating carriers, text changes, or the imposition of termination charges calculated from effective tariff provisions. The imposition of termination charges does not include the initial filing of termination liability provisions.

(2) Tariff filings involving a change in rate structure, a new offering, or a rate increase must be made on at least 45 days' notice.

(3) Alascom, Inc. shall file its annual tariff revisions for its Common Carrier Services (Alascom Tariff F.C.C No. 11) on at least 35 days' notice.

(4) All tariff filings not specifically assigned a different period of public notice in this part must be made on at least 35 days' notice.

(f) [Reserved]

[49 FR 40869, Oct. 18, 1984, as amended at 54 FR 19844, May 8, 1989; 55 FR 42384, Oct. 19, 1990; 56 FR 1500, Jan. 15, 1991; 56 FR 5956, Feb. 14, 1991; 56 FR 55239, Oct. 25, 1991; 58 FR 36149, July 6, 1993; 59 FR 10304, Mar. 4, 1994; 62 FR 5778, Feb. 7, 1997; 64 FR 46591, Aug. 26, 1999; 64 FR 51266, Sept. 22, 1999]

EFFECTIVE DATE NOTE: At 64 FR 51266, Sept. 22, 1999, §61.58 was amended by adding paragraphs (b), (c), and (d), effective Oct. 22, 1999.

§61.59 Effective period required before changes.

(a) Except as provided in §61.58(a)(3) or except as otherwise authorized by the Commission, new rates or regulations must be effective for at least 30 days before a dominant carrier will be permitted to make any change.

(b) Changes to rates and regulations that have not yet become effective, *i.e.*, are pending, may not be made unless the effective date of the proposed changes is at least 30 days after the scheduled effective date of the pending revisions.

(c) Changes to rates and regulations that have taken effect but have not been in effect for at least 30 days may not be made unless the scheduled effective date of the proposed changes is at

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least 30 days after the effective date of the existing regulations.

[64 FR 46592, Aug. 26, 1999]

Subpart F—Specific Rules for Tariff Publications of Dominant and Nondominant Carriers

§61.66 Scope.

The rules in this subpart apply to all carriers, unless otherwise noted.

[64 FR 46592, Aug. 26, 1999]

§61.68 Special notations.

(a) A tariff filing must contain a statement of the authority for any matter to be filed on less than the notice required in §61.58. The following must be used:

Issued on not less than — days' notice under authority of — (specific reference to the special permission, decision, order or section of these rules).

If all the matter in a tariff publication is to become effective on less than the notice required in §61.58, specific reference to the Commission authority must be shown on the title page. If only a part of the tariff publication is to become effective on less than the notice required in §61.58, reference to the Commission authority must appear on the same page(s), and be associated with the pertinent matter.

(b) When a portion of any tariff publication is issued in order to comply with the Commission order, the following notation must be associated with that portion of the tariff publication:

In compliance with the order of the Federal Communications Commission in — (a specific citation to the applicable order should be made).

§61.69 Rejection.

When a tariff publication is rejected by the Commission, its number may not be used again. This includes, but is not limited to, such publications as tariff numbers or specific page revision numbers. The rejected tariff publication may not be referred to as either cancelled or revised. Within five business days of the release date of the Commission's Order rejecting such tariff publication, the issuing carrier shall

file tariff revisions removing the rejected material, unless the Commission's Order establishes a different date for this filing. The publication that is subsequently issued in lieu of the rejected tariff publication must bear the notation:

In lieu of _____, rejected by the Federal Communications Commission.

[64 FR 46592, Aug. 26, 1999]

§ 61.72 Public information requirements.

(a) Issuing carriers must make available accurate and timely information pertaining to rates and regulations subject to tariff filing requirements.

(b) Issuing carriers must, at a minimum, provide a telephone number for public inquiries about information contained in its tariffs. This telephone number should be made readily available to all interested parties.

(c) Any issuing carrier that is an incumbent local exchange carrier, and chooses to establish an Internet web site, must make its tariffs available on that web site, in addition to the Commission's web site.

[64 FR 46592, Aug. 26, 1999]

§ 61.73 Duplication of rates or regulations.

A carrier concurring in schedules of another carrier must not publish conflicting or duplicative rates or regulations.

§ 61.74 References to other instruments.

(a) Except as otherwise provided in this and other sections of this part, no tariff publication filed with the Commission may make reference to any other tariff publication or to any other document or instrument.

(b) Tariffs for end-on-end through services may reference the tariffs of other carriers participating in the offering.

(c) Tariffs may reference concurrences for the purpose of starting where rates or regulations applicable to a service not governed by the tariff may be found.

(d) A tariff for international services offered by a carrier that is subject to detariffing for domestic, interstate,

interexchange services, may reference other documents or instruments concerning the carrier's detariffed domestic, interstate, interexchange service offerings. A tariff for international services may contain such a reference if, and only if, it is necessary to incorporate information regarding the carrier's detariffed domestic, interstate, interexchange services in order to calculate discounts and minimum revenue requirements for international services provided in combination with detariffed domestic, interstate, interexchange services. Notwithstanding any such reference to documents or instruments concerning the carrier's detariffed domestic, interstate, interexchange service offerings, a tariff for international services shall specify rates, terms and conditions for the international service.

(e) Tariffs may reference other FCC tariffs that are in effect and on file with the Commission for purposes of determining mileage, or specifying the operating centers at which a specific service is available.

(f) Tariffs may reference technical publications which describe the engineering, specifications, or other technical aspects of a service offering, provided the following conditions are satisfied:

(1) The tariff must contain a general description of the service offering, including basic parameters and structural elements of the offering;

(2) The technical publication includes no rates, regulatory terms, or conditions which are required to be contained in the tariff, and any revisions to the technical publication do not affect rates, regulatory terms, or conditions included in the tariff, and do not change the basic nature of the offering;

(3) The tariff indicates where the technical publication can be obtained;

(4) The referenced technical publication is publicly available before the tariff is scheduled to take effect; and

(5) The issuing carrier regularly revises its tariff to refer to the current edition of the referenced technical publication.

[49 FR 40869, Oct. 18, 1984, as amended at 61 FR 59366, Nov. 22, 1996; 64 FR 46592, Aug. 26, 1999]

§61.83 Consecutive numbering.

Carriers should file tariff publications under consecutive FCC numbers. If this cannot be done, a memorandum containing an explanation of the missing number or numbers must be submitted. Supplements to a tariff must be numbered consecutively in a separate series.

[49 FR 40869, Oct. 18, 1984. Redesignated at 64 FR 46591, Aug. 26, 1999]

§61.86 Supplements.

A carrier may not file a supplement except to suspend or cancel a tariff publication, or to defer the effective date of pending tariff revisions. A carrier may file a supplement for the voluntary deferral of a tariff publication.

[64 FR 46591, Aug. 26, 1999]

§61.87 Cancellation of tariffs.

(a) A carrier may cancel an entire tariff. Cancellation of a tariff automatically cancels every page and supplement to that tariff except for the canceling Title Page or first page.

(1) If the existing service(s) will be provided under another carrier's tariff, then

(i) The carrier whose tariff is being canceled must revise the Title Page or the first page of its tariff indicating that the tariff is no longer effective, or

(ii) The carrier under whose tariff the service(s) will be provided must revise the Title Page or first page of the tariff to be canceled, using the name and numbering shown in the heading of the tariff to be canceled, indicating that the tariff is no longer effective. This carrier must also file with the Commission the new tariff provisions reflecting the service(s) being canceled. Both filings must be effective on the same date and may be filed under the same transmittal.

(2) If a carrier canceling its tariff intends to cease to provide existing service, then it must revise the Title Page or first page of its tariff indicating that the tariff is no longer effective.

(3) A carrier canceling its tariff, as described in this section, must comply with §61.22 or §§61.54(b)(1) and 61.54(b)(5), as applicable.

(b) When a carrier cancels a tariff as described in this section, the canceling

Title Page or the first page of the canceled tariff must show where all rates and regulations will be found except for paragraph (c) of this section. The Title Page or first page of the new tariff must indicate the name of the carrier and tariff number where the canceled material had been found.

(c) When a carrier ceases to provide service(s) without a successor, it must cancel its tariff pursuant to the notice requirements of §61.23 or §61.58, as applicable, unless otherwise authorized by the Commission.

[64 FR 46591, Aug. 26, 1999]

Subpart G—Concurrences

§61.131 Scope.

Sections 61.132 through 61.136 apply to a carrier which must file concurrences reflecting rates and regulations for through service provided in conjunction with other carriers and to a carrier which has chosen, as an alternative to publishing its own tariff, to arrange concurrence in an effective tariff of another carrier. Limited or partial concurrences will not be permitted.

§61.132 Method of filing concurrences.

A carrier proposing to concur in another carrier's effective tariff must deliver two copies of the concurrence to the issuing carrier in whose favor the concurrence is issued. The concurrence must be signed by an officer or agent of the carrier executing the concurrence, and must be numbered consecutively in a separate series from its FCC tariff numbers. At the same time the issuing carrier revises its tariff to reflect such a concurrence, it must submit both copies of the concurrence to the Commission. The concurrence must bear the same effective date as the date of the tariff filing reflecting the concurrence. Nondominant issuing carriers shall file revisions reflecting concurrences in their tariffs on the notice period specified in §61.23 of this part. Dominant issuing carriers shall file concurrences in their tariffs on the notice periods specified in §61.58(a)(2) or §61.58(e)(1)(iii) of this part.

[49 FR 40869, Oct. 18, 1984, as amended at 64 FR 46592, Aug. 26, 1999]

§61.133 Format of concurrences.

(a) Concurrences must be issued in the following format:

CONCURRENCE

F.C.C. Concurrence No. ———

(Cancels F.C.C. Concurrence No. ———)

(Name of Carrier ———)

(Post Office Address ———)

(Date) ——— 19—.

Secretary,

Federal Communications Commission, Washington, D.C. 20554.

This is to report that (name of concurring carrier) assents to and concurs in the tariffs described below. (Name of concurring carrier) thus makes itself a party to these tariffs and obligates itself (and its connecting carriers) to observe every provision in them, until a notice of revocation is filed with the Commission and delivered to the issuing carrier.

This concurrence applies to interstate (and foreign) communication:

1. Between the different points on the concurring carrier's own system;
2. Between all points on the concurring carrier's system and the systems of its connecting carriers; and
3. Between all points on the system of the concurring carrier and the systems of its connecting carriers on the one hand, and, on the other hand, all points on the system of the carrier issuing the tariff or tariffs listed below and the systems of its connecting carriers and other carriers with which through routes have been established.

(NOTE: Any of the above numbered paragraphs may be omitted or the wording modified to state the points to which the concurrence applies.)

TARIFF

(Here describe the tariff or tariffs concurred in by the carrier, specifying FCC number, title, date of issuance, and date effective. Example: A.B.C. Communications Company, Tariff FCC No. 1, Interstate Telegraph Message Service, Issued January 1, 1983, Effective April 1, 1983).

Cancels FCC Concurrence No. ———, effective ———, 19—.

(Name of concurring carrier)

By

(Title)

(b) No material is to be included in a concurrence other than that indicated in the above-prescribed form, unless specially authorized by the Commission. A concurrence in any tariff so described will be deemed to include all amendments and successive issues

which the issuing carrier may make and file. All such amendments and successive issues will be binding between customers and carriers. Between carriers themselves, however, the filing by the issuing carrier of an amendment or successive issue with the Commission must not imply or be construed to imply an agreement to the filing by concurring carriers. Such filings do not affect the contractual rights or remedies of any concurring carrier(s) which have not, by contract or otherwise, specifically consented in advance to such amendment or successive issue.

§61.134 Concurrences for through services.

A carrier filing rates or regulations for through services between points on its own system and points on another carrier's system (or systems), or between points on another carrier's system (or systems), must list all concurring, connecting or other participating carriers as provided in §61.54 (f), (g) and (h). A concurring carrier must tender a properly executed instrument of concurrence to the issuing carrier. If rates and regulations of the other carriers engaging in the through service(s) are not specified in the issuing carrier's tariff, that tariff must state where the other carrier's rates and regulations can be found. Such reference(s) must contain the FCC number(s) of the referenced tariff publication(s), the exact name(s) of the carrier(s) issuing such tariff publication(s), and must clearly state how the rates and regulations in the separate publications apply.

§61.135 Concurrences for other purposes.

When an issuing carrier permits another carrier to concur in its tariff, the issuing carrier's tariff must state the concurring carrier's rates and points of service.

§61.136 Revocation of concurrences.

A concurrence may be revoked by a revocation notice or cancelled by a new concurrence. A revocation notice or a new concurrence, if less broad in scope than the concurrence it cancels, must bear an effective date not less than 45 days after its receipt by the Commission. A revocation notice is not given a

§ 61.151

serial number, but must specify the number of the concurrence to be revoked and the name of the carrier in whose favor the concurrence was issued. It must be in the following format:

REVOCATION NOTICE

(Name of carrier _____)
(Post office address _____)
(Date) _____, 19—. Secretary,
Federal Communications Commission, Washington, D.C. 20554.

Effective —, 19— FCC Concurrence No. —, issued by (Name of concurring carrier) in favor of (Name of issuing carrier) is hereby cancelled and revoked. Rates and regulations of (Name of concurring carrier) and its connecting carriers will thereafter be found in Tariff FCC No. — issued by — (If the concurring carrier has ceased operations, the revocation notice must so indicate.)

(Name of carrier)
By
(Title)

Subpart H—Applications for Special Permission

§ 61.151 Scope.

Sections 61.152 and 61.153 set forth the procedures to be followed by a carrier applying for a waiver of any of the rules in this part.

[55 FR 19173, May 8, 1990]

§ 61.152 Terms of applications and grants.

Applications for special permission must contain:

(a) A detailed description of the tariff publication proposed to be put into effect;

(b) A statement citing the specific rules and the grounds on which waiver is sought;

(c) A showing of good cause; and

(d) A statement as to the date and method of filing the original of the application for special permission as required by § 61.153(b) and the date and method of filing the copies required by § 61.153 (a) and (c).

If approved, the carrier must comply with all terms and use all authority specified in the grant. If a carrier elects to use less than the authority granted, it must apply to the Commission

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for modification of the original grant. If a carrier elects not to use the authority granted within sixty days of its effective date, the original grant will be automatically cancelled by the Commission.

[55 FR 19173, May 8, 1990]

§ 61.153 Method of filing applications.

(a) An application for special permission must be addressed to "Secretary, Federal Communication Commission, Washington, DC 20554." The date on which the application is received by the Secretary of the Commission (or the Mail Room where submitted by mail) is considered the official filing date.

(b) In addition, except for issuing carriers filing tariffing fees electronically, for all special permission applications requiring fees as set forth in part 1, subpart G of this chapter, the issuing carrier must submit the original of the application letter (without attachments), FCC Form 159, and the appropriate fee to the Mellon Bank, Pittsburgh, PA at the address set forth in § 1.1105 of this chapter. Issuing carriers submitting tariffing fees electronically should submit the Form 159 and the original cover letter to the Secretary of the Commission in lieu of the Mellon Bank. The Form 159 should display the Electronic Audit Code in the box in the upper left hand corner marked "reserved." Issuing carriers should submit these fee materials on the same date as the submission in paragraph (a) of this section.

(c) In addition to the requirements set forth in paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section, the issuing carrier must send a copy of the application letter with all attachments to the Secretary, Federal Communications Commission and a separate copy with all attachments to the Chief, Tariff and Pricing Analysis Branch. If a carrier applies for special permission to revise joint tariffs, the application must state that it is filed on behalf of all carriers participating in the affected service. Applications must be numbered consecutively in a series separate from FCC tariff numbers, bear the signature of the officer or agent of the carrier, and be in the following format:

Federal Communications Commission

Pt. 63

Application No.
(Date)

Secretary
Federal Communications Commission
Washington, DC 20554.

Attention: Common Carrier Bureau (here
provide the statements required by
§61.152).

(Exact name of carrier)

(Name of officer or agent)

(Title of officer or agent)

[55 FR 19173, May 8, 1990, as amended at 64
FR 46592, 46593, Aug. 26, 1999]

Subpart I—Adoption of Tariffs and Other Documents of Prede- cessor Carriers

§61.171 Adoption notice.

When a carrier's name is changed, or its operating control transferred from one carrier to another in whole or in part, the successor carrier must file tariff revisions to reflect the name change. The successor carrier may either immediately reissue the entire tariff in its own name, or immediately file an adoption notice. Within 35 days of filing an adoption notice, the successor must reissue the entire tariff in its own name. The reissued tariff must be numbered in the series of the successor carrier, and must contain all original pages without changes in regulations or rates. The transmittal letter must state the tariff is being filed to show a change in the carrier's name pursuant to §61.171 of the Commission's Rules. The adoption notice, if used, must read as follows:

The (Exact name of successor carrier or receiver) here adopts, ratifies and makes its own in every respect, all applicable tariffs and amendments filed with the Federal Communications Commission by (predecessor) prior to (date).

§61.172 Changes to be incorporated in tariffs of successor carrier.

When only a portion of properties is transferred to a successor carrier, that carrier must incorporate in its tariff the rates applying locally between points on the transferred portion. Moreover, the predecessor carrier must simultaneously cancel the corresponding rates from its tariffs, and reference the FCC number of the suc-

cessor carrier's tariff containing the rates that will thereafter apply.

Subpart J—Suspensions

§61.191 Carrier to file supplement when notified of suspension.

If a carrier is notified by the Commission that its tariff publication has been suspended, the carrier must file, within five business days from the release date of the suspension order, a consecutively numbered supplement without an effective date, which specifies the schedules which have been suspended.

[64 FR 46593, Aug. 26, 1999]

§61.192 Contents of supplement announcing suspension.

(a) A supplement announcing a suspension by the Commission must specify the term of suspension imposed by the Commission.

(b) A supplement announcing a suspension of either an entire tariff or a part of a tariff publication, must specify the applicable tariff publication effective during the period of suspension.

§61.193 Vacation of suspension order; supplements announcing same; etc.

If the Commission vacates a suspension order, the affected carrier must issue a supplement or revised page stating the Commission's action as well as the lawful schedules.

PART 63—EXTENSION OF LINES, NEW LINES, AND DISCONTINU- ANCE, REDUCTION, OUTAGE AND IMPAIRMENT OF SERVICE BY COMMON CARRIERS; AND GRANTS OF RECOGNIZED PRI- VATE OPERATING AGENCY STA- TUS

EXTENSIONS AND SUPPLEMENTS

Sec.

63.01 Authority for all domestic common carriers.

63.02 Exemptions for extensions of lines and for systems for the delivery of video programming.

63.09 Definitions applicable to international Section 214 authorizations.

63.10 Regulatory classification of U.S. international carriers.